

PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Years Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS September 30, 2006

	<u>Items</u>	Page No.(s)
Ι.	INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
	Table of Contents Transmittal Letter Principal Officials	I-II III-X XI
	Organizational Chart	XII
II.	FINANCIAL SECTION	
A.	Independent Auditor's Report on Financial Statements Management's Discussion & Analysis	1-2 3-18
	Statements of Net Assets	19
	Statements of Activities	20
	Balance Sheets - Governmental Funds	21
	Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance — Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance with the	22
	District-wide Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget	23
	(US GAAP Basis) and Actual — General Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (US GAAP Basis) and Actual — General Fund (With comparative	24
	Actual Amounts for FY ended September 30, 2005)	25
	Combining Balance Sheet - Non-major Funds Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and	26
	Changes in Fund Balance	27
	Notes to Financial Statements	28-45
В.	Supplementary Information	
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal	46-54
	Awards	55

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS September 30, 2006

	<u>Items</u>	Page No(s).
III.	SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	56-57
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in	
	Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	58-60
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	61-62
-	Section I — Summary of Auditor's Results Section II — Financial Statement Findings Section III — Federal Awards Findings and	63-68
	Questioned Costs	69-74
IV.	SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS	75-81
v.	SUMMARY OF UNRESOLVED QUESTIONED COSTS	82
VI.	AUDITEE RESPONSE ON FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST	83-85
VII.	STATISTICAL SECTION	86-88



Roman C Renavente Chairman

ino M. Janes lice Chairman

Maria Lee C. Taitano ecretary/Treasurer

Members Herman T. Guerrero Lucia Blanco-Marotita

Scott Norman Von Public School Rep.

Louvele G. Boria



COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM
P.O. BOX 501370
SAIPAN, MP 96950 SAIPAN, MP 96950



Commissioner of Education David M. Borja, D.B.A.

May 31, 2007

Members of the Board of Education To: Citizens of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands:

Student Representative The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Public School System (PSS) of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI) for Teacher Representative the year ended September 30, 2006, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and territorial statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the PSS issue annually a report on its financial position and activity and that an independent firm of certified public accountants will audit this report. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the PSS. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the PSS' activities have been The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and single audit.

> The introductory section, which is unaudited, includes this letter of transmittal, an organizational chart, and a list of the PSS' principal elected and appointed officials.

> The financial section includes the general-purpose financial statements and the combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules, as well as independent auditor's report on these financial statements and schedules.

> The single audit section includes the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, the report on compliance and on internal control, reports on compliance with requirements applicable to each major Federal program, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs. The PSS is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, the U. S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands Single Audit Implementation Act.

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds and account groups of the PSS.

The members of the Board are elected by the public and have decision-making authority. There are three non-voting members of the Board, the non-public school representative, student representative and teacher representative. Although the CNMI collects all taxes, the Board determines how the school system will spend the funds generated for schools.

The CNMI government cannot modify the school system's budget unless a change in the budgetary law is passed by the Legislative branch and concurred by the Executive branch. The CNMI government is not required to finance any deficits of the school system.

For these reasons, the PSS is not fiscally dependent on the CNMI and therefore is recognized as a primary government, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The school system also receives funding from Federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of the Federal government.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 3-18), which focuses on current activities, accounting changes and currently known facts.

In October 2001, the PSS elected to implement change in governmental financial reporting in accordance with GASB 34 and the Government of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. The format and purpose of these changes are addressed in the notes to the financial statements. We believe this new presentation will provide better information to the user of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Public School System.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION, AND OUTLOOK

The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands Public School System is one comprehensive school district serving the entire Commonwealth, including the islands of Saipan, Rota, and Tinian. The system was created through the enactment of Public Law 6-10 in January 1988. For school year 2005-2006, it is serving over 11,600 students from pre-school through 12th grade in 12 elementary schools, 3 middle schools, 5 high schools, and 10 headstart centers.

At the helm of the school system are the CNMI Board of Education and the Commissioner. The Board consists of five voting members and three appointed non-voting representatives. Three voting members are from Saipan; one voting member is from Rota; and one voting member is from Tinian. The public elects the voting members, who serve four-year terms, on an island wide basis. The Commissioner is appointed by the Board and serves as Chief Executive Officer of the system. The Board is responsible for setting policy, while the Commissioner and the administrative team are charged with managing the operations of the school system.

A principal is charged with the responsibility of the total school operations, and administers each individual school. Appropriate instructional and support personnel, based on pupil enrollment, staff the schools. The school principal and faculty work cooperatively with instructional specialists and central administrative staff in developing and implementing effective instructional programs.

The school system has over 1,170 full-time employees and is the largest employer in the government sector. The system has nearly 550 regular classroom teachers, 215 teacher aides, 24 counselors, and 140 school-based support staff, and allots regular classroom teachers at a teacher/student ratio of 1:20 for kindergarten, grades 1,2,3; 1:25 for grades 4,5,6; 1:30 for grades 7-12. The current teacher:student ratio is 1 teacher for every 23 students. All schools are accredited through the Western Association of Schools and Colleges.

Most students are assigned to and attend their "in zone school" -- the school assigned is based on the parent's or guardian's home address. In some instances, an "out of zone" school may be assigned due to over enrollment at the "in zone school". Transportation is provided for students living at least 1 mile from the assigned school.

The indigenous people of the CNMI are the Chamorro and Carolinian. The official languages of the CNMI are Chamorro, Carolinian, and English. English is the primary language of instruction in the PSS of the CNMI. Chamorro and Carolinian are taught in the PSS as part of a bilingual program. The indigenous people were conquered by the Spaniards in the 16th century. The Islands of Saipan, Rota and Tinian were sold to the Germans in the early 20th century, taken by Japan in 1914 to 1944, administered as a UN Trust territory until 1976. In 1976, the indigenous people voted to become citizens of the United States, making Saipan, Rota and Tinian part of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

The Commonwealth has one of the best climates in the world, and the purest air of any first world country. The temperature ranges from 74 degrees to 88 degrees all year round. It also boasts the most attractive tax structure of a U.S. possession. The islands are lush with tropical jungles and scenic beaches and dive locations. There are numerous golf courses where a local can play golf for a fourth of the cost on the Mainland.

The economy of the CNMI is based largely upon tourism and garment manufacturing. Revenue generated from tourism and from garment manufacturing is 25% less than in previous years. The decline in tourism is due to competing destinations and fewer airline seats for tourists. The garment factories are leaving for countries with much lower wage rates. The challenge for the CNMI is to get its economy growing again and promote development that is sustainable.

The quantity and quality of the instructional programs of the school system are directly dependent on the funding provided and on effective management and efficient use of those funds. We recognize the important trust and responsibility we are given in the management of public resources and continue to be vigilant and trustworthy in fulfilling that responsibility. During the course of 2005-2006, we aggressively pursued ways to reduce costs and improve efficiency by eliminating administrative overtime and out-of-system travels, moving purchasing deadlines to earlier dates, and restricting special projects that cross fiscal years. Such efforts have allowed the school system to end the fiscal year 2005-2006 with a strong financial position.

We believe that continuation of these financial management practices coupled with appropriate planning should result in continued strong financial position and provide appropriate fiscal accountability to the public and continued improvement of programs.

PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM MISSION AND GOAL

The Public School System has adopted a mission for the school system and goals and strategies to achieve this mission. Reaching these high standards involve concentrated effort and determination by all employees of the school system. The following list provides the mission, goal, strategies and measurements.

<u>Mission:</u> The CNMI Public School System will educate each student to be a responsible and productive citizen who can effectively manage future challenges.

<u>Goal:</u> By 2008, 80% of all students at Kindergarten through $8^{\rm th}$ grade will be at or above grade level as measured by CNMI Standards Based Assessment and nationally by the Stanford Achievement Test, $10^{\rm th}$ Edition.

<u>Strategy</u>: Reduce the achievement gap between all students' actual achievement and their potential achievement.

Use the Baldrige system of continuous improvement to ensure that decision-making processes are data driven and student focused.

Redefine the magnet program so that it becomes a vehicle to help attain this goal.

Support the use of technology to aid student learning and create additional time for instruction.

<u>Measurement:</u> Increase percentage of "under-performing groups" at or above grade level.

<u>Strategy</u>: Improve the district's ability to recruit and retain a high quality workforce.

Recruit and retain quality teachers whose vision, potential and abilities support leaving no child behind.

Strive to provide an adequate compensation package for all employees.

Ensure that the school system has an adequate pool of substitute teachers.

Develop a systematic process for getting feedback from staff about job satisfaction, working conditions, and support systems.

Develop strategies to make more time available for teachers to teach and to grow professionally.

Offer training for staff that builds their capacity to improve the achievement of all students (i.e., diversity/poverty training; use of date; assessment training).

Support and expand the recruitment and training of mentors.

Measurement: Decrease in turnover.

<u>Strategy</u>: Improve the internal and external communications within the district.

Develop a system-wide strategic communications plan.

Develop a process for communicating to teachers and other employees about system initiatives.

Measurement: Community survey of school system's publics.

Capital Improvements

The school system's building program has been a high priority of the Board of Education with over 15,000 students expected by 2010. The CNMI government approved House Bill No. 14-62 that allows PSS to build additional classrooms for both Kagman Elementary School and Kagman High School. It also proposes that PSS build a Tinian and a Rota Headstart Center. These projects will be financed by the interest earned on the General Obligation Bond of PSS. Construction began in 2004.

The Board of Education submitted a long-term Capital Improvement Projects Plan to the CNMI government. These projects include an As-Matuis Elementary School, a Marpi Secondary School, a second Kagman Elementary School, a Kagman High School expansion and a Southern High School expansion. Also in the proposal are major renovations to the older schools in the CNMI. The total proposed plan had an estimated total cost of \$50,995,988. These projects if approved by the government would be built over the next 7 to 10 years.

Funding for the Public Schools

The cost of public education in the CNMI is financed primarily by the Gross Receipts Tax of business owners and the Chapter II Tax of the individuals. The CNMI has a centralized tax system, and not a localized property tax system, the CNMI government appropriated to PSS \$37.230 million for fiscal year 2006. In conjunction with the \$29.372 million Federal funds, the CNMI allocates its Personnel budget on an impartial preset staffing pattern. The local funding level for the PSS has remained flat since 1999.

Enrollments

The students enrolled in the PSS have increased from 9,500 in 1998 to 11,600 in 2006. This represents an 22% increase in seven years. The teachers have increased from 464 in 1998 to 554 in 2006. Teachers funded by consolidated Federal funds increased from 37 teachers in 1998 to 68 teachers in 2006. Federal funds also paid for 72 Special Education teachers in FY 2006. The Federal funds in 2006 paid for 116 teacher aides as opposed to 51 teacher aides in 1998. The increased payroll for the additional teachers and teacher aides has been financed by additional Federal funds. The Central Office staff was reduced, and additional Federal funds were obtained to finance the growth of the Public School System.

Internal Control

The management of the school system is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the school system are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived. The valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of Federal and local financial assistance, the school system is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management. PSS hired a Federal monitor in May 2004 to improve its internal control system.

The CNMI Planning and Budgeting Act mandate the adoption of an annual balanced budget resolution by July 1 each year. If the Budget is not passed by the Legislature and the Governor, PSS operates its budgets on a continuing resolution from fiscal year 2006. Fiscal year 2006, which begins on October 1, 2005 and ends on September 30, 2006, was a budget on the Continuing Resolution from 2005. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget and in funds provided by the Federal, state, and local governments. The final budget, as continued from the fiscal year 2005 (and is the same since 1999), is reflected in the financial section.

The school system also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Encumbered amounts do not lapse at year-end, they continue as outstanding encumbrances until exhausted.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the school system continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

General Government Functions and General Fund Balance

The following schedule presents a summary of the budgets, using the modified accrual basis, of the Commonwealth funds and PSS funds for the fiscal years ended September 30, 1997 thru September 30, 2006.

Primary factors contributing to the total increase in the local and Federal funds are salaries and the related benefit costs. Positions were added to accommodate the continued growth in enrollment. Central support costs decreased as a percent of the total by continued reduction of costs.

Other instructional costs increased primarily due to the expansion of the Advanced Development Institute and Headstart, and other similar programs, established to assist all students in reaching the goals set for the school system.

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Projects were financed by the issuance of a \$15,000,000 Bond, and the matching funds of \$15,000,000 by the CNMI government. In 2006, the Tinian High School construction is completed. The remainder of the \$30 million is for modernization of Rota, Tinian, and Saipan physical plants.

The capital projects are projected on a seven-year cycle. PSS is projecting that a new elementary school will be built in the As-Matuis area. Also contemplated is a secondary school for the Marpi area. Additional classrooms will also have to be built in the Kagman area.

In addition to these major improvements, additional classrooms will have to be added in most of the Saipan schools. Rota and Tinian are also expected to have additional buildings. This comprehensive building program is only in the planning stage at this time. No funds for these projects have been identified at this time. The estimated time for the completion of these projects is fiscal year 2013.

Cash Management Policies and Practices

PSS requests drawdowns from the Federal government as the funds are expended. PSS does earn interest income on its Federal drawdowns on the transfer delay from Bank of Hawaii to Bank of Guam. Bank of Hawaii offers the best earnings potential for short-term deposits. Bank of Guam is used as the bank for transactions due to its banking relationship with the CNMI government. The payroll for the PSS is processed by the CNMI Finance Department.

The Office of the Public Auditors has recommended to PSS that it invest its funds in FDIC insured financial institutions. Since 1998, PSS has placed all its funds in FDIC insured financial institutions.

Risk Management

The CNMI government is a self-insured entity. The government has limited its general liability to individuals to \$100,000 by statute. For this reason the government does not maintain any insurance on its buildings, or employees. At some future date, the PSS may insure some of its assets, as an autonomous agency as it is not required to follow the CNMI's government of self-insurance.

PSS does require performance bonds on all its building projects financed by the CNMI government funds.

Other Information

Independent Audit Commonwealth statutes and Federal statutes require an annual audit to be performed by independent certified public accountants. The firm of J. Scott Magliari & Company was selected by the Board of Education. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in Commonwealth statutes, the audit was designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133. The auditors used the generally accepted auditing standards of the United States and the government auditing standards as set forth in the Government Accounting Office's Government Auditing Standards. The auditor's report on the general-purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules are included in the financial section of this report.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance division. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the division who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report and to the Board's independent certified public accountants, J. Scott Magliari & Company, for their assistance. The contributions of all are invaluable and sincerely appreciated and clearly reflect the high standards that we have set for ourselves.

We would also like to express our appreciation to the members of the Board of Education for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the school system in a responsible and dedicated manner.

Respectfully submitted,

David M. Boria, D.B.A. Commissioner of Education

Tim Thornburgh Federal Programs Officer

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Year ended September 30, 2006

BOARD OF EDUCATION

		Term
	<u>Position</u>	<u>Expires</u>
Mr. Roman C. Benavente	Chairperson	2008
Mr. Egredino Jones	Vice Chairman	2008
Ms. Marja Lee Taitano	Secretary/Treasurer	2008
Mr. Herman T. Guerrero	Member	2010
Ms. Lucia Linda Blanco-Maratita, Esq	Member	2010
Mr. Scott Norman	Non Public School Representative	2009
Mr. Ambrose Bennett	Teacher Representative	2008
Ms. Louvele Borja	Student Representative	2008

OFFICERS OF THE SCHOOL SYSTEM

Dr.	David M. Borja, D.B.A.	Commissioner of Education
Mr.	Charley Kenty	Acting Associate Commissioner
		for Administration
Ms.	Jackie Quitugua	Associate Commissioner for
		Secondary Education
Mr.	Tim Thornburgh	Federal Programs Officer
Ms.	Florida A. Grizzard	Acting Director of Finance
Mr.	Charley Kenty	Human Resources Officer

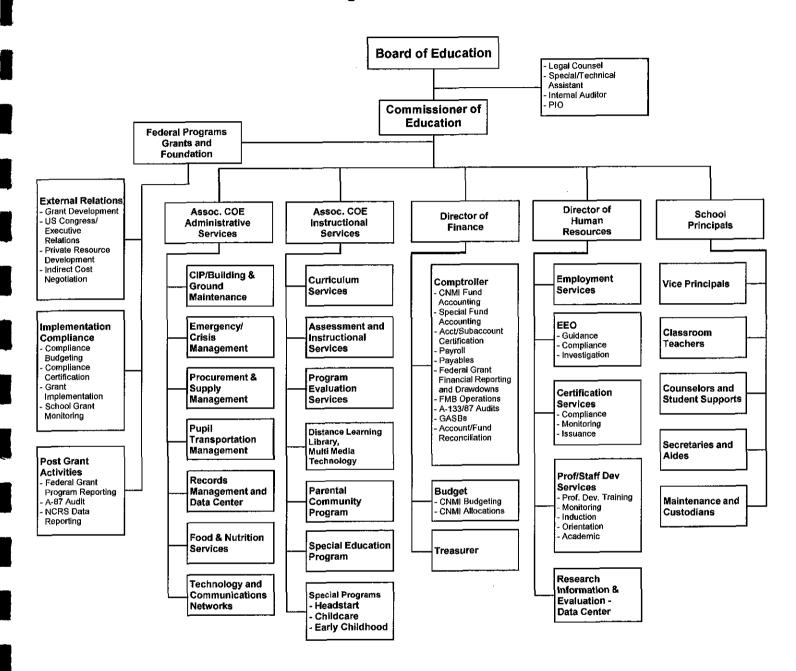
OFFICIALS ISSUING REPORT

Ms. Florida A. Grizzard	Acting Director of Finance
Mr. Tim Thornburgh	Federal Programs Officer

DIVISION ISSUING REPORT

Finance

Public School System Organization Chart



PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005

J. Scott Magliari COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

SAIPAN OFFICE:

Family Building, Suite 201 PMB 297 Box 10000 Saipan, MP 96950 Tel. No. (670) 233-1837/0456 Fax. No. (670) 233-8214 Email: magliarl@pticom.com **GUAM OFFICE:**

Reflection Center, Suite 204 P.O. Box 12734 Tarriuning, GU 96931 Tel. No. (671) 472-2680/2687 Fax. No. (671) 472-2686 Email: jsmguam@ite.net PALAU OFFICE:
PIDC Apartment No. 11
P.O. Box 1266
Koror, PW 96940
Tel. No. (680) 488-8615
Fax. No. (680) 488-8616
Email: coconutrum@palaunet.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Education Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands Public School System

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregating fund information of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands Public School System (PSS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, as of September 30, 2006 and 2005, and for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of PSS' management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audits.

I conducted my audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Those standards require that I Comptroller General of the United States. plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the PSS' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate fund information of PSS as of September 30, 2006 and 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with the Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated April 30, 2007 on my consideration of the PSS' internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing

of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting, or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 3 to 18 and pages 23 to 24, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, I did not audit this information and express no opinion on it.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the PSS basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining individual non-major fund financial statements and the statistical data are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining individual non-major funds financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical data have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

Saipan, Commonwealth of the Northern Maxiana Islands

April 30, 2007

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the CNMI Public School System (PSS) financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the PSS for the year ended September 30, 2006. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report (pages 19 to 45).

Financial Highlights

The PSS enrollment of 11,718 students in FY 2005 decreased to 11,693 students for FY 2006.

The PSS' net assets increased by \$4,843,566 in FY 2006. This increase was caused by a \$1.2 million increase in current assets, and a \$4.1 million increase in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The restatement in fiscal year 2006 pertains to the decrease in accrued annual leave by \$528,720.

As of the close of the fiscal year 2006, the PSS' total net assets is \$85,899,717. This includes the capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, of \$82,813,078 and capital improvement projects in progress of \$3,540,460.

Overview of the Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the presentation the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplemental sections.

MD&A and the district-wide statements are all new. The rest of the basic financial statements are changed — some in minor ways, some noticeably.

MD&A

The MD&A is intended to be a "plain English" narrative section that introduces the basic financial statements. It should give readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the PSS' financial performance for the year.

District-wide Statements

The first two financial statements presented are highly condensed and are somewhat based on the accounting model used by private sector businesses.

The district-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Statement of Net Assets

The statement of net assets includes all of the CNMI Public School System assets and liabilities. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the school system's investment in assets and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement.

Net assets which is the difference between the school system's assets and liabilities is one way to measure the district's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the school system's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Activities

The statement of activities summarizes the school system's revenues and expenses for the current year. It is based on full accrual accounting rather than the traditional modified accrual. Depreciation of capital assets is recognized as an expense. A net revenue (expense) format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

Fund Financial Statements

The second type of statement included in the basic financial statements is the fund financial statement, which is presented for the school system's governmental funds.

Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The fund financial statements focus on the school system's most significant funds.

Reconciliation from District-wide to Fund Statements

Because a different basis of accounting is used in the district-wide statements, reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the district-wide statements is required. The district-wide statements provide information about the school system as an economic unit, while the fund financial statements provide information on the financial resources of the school system's major funds.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual

A budgetary comparison statement for the general fund is considered to be required supplementary information and is included in the basic financial statements. The new thing to look for on these schedules is the addition of a column containing the original budget.

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the school system's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the school system as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the school system use to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

The PSS' major funds are:

General Fund - Accounts for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is PSS' major operating fund.

Capital Project Fund - Accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of all major governmental projects.

Non-major Funds — Accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These were previously reported as Special Revenue Funds.

CONDENSED COMPARATIVE DATA

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

The PSS' net assets, on the district-wide basis, increased by \$4,843,556 from previous year's \$81,056,161 to \$85,899,717 at close of FY 2006. The increase was the result of excess revenues over expenses in FY 2006.

	FY 2006	FY 2005	FY 2004
Net assets, beginning	\$ 81,056,161	\$ 83,502,629	83,172,358
Revenues	69,838,002	73,414,824	61,638,298
Expenditures	65,523,166	73,338,189	61,420,275
Excess of revenue	· · ·		
over expenditures	4,314,836	76,635	218,023
Current year restatements	528,720	(2,523,103)	112,248
Net assets, ending	\$ 85,899,7174	SM 81,056,161	83,502,629

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

	Net Assets		
	Sept 30, 2006	Sept 30, 2005	Increase (Decrease)
Current assets	\$ 8,292,480	\$ 7,061,281	\$ 1,231,199
Noncurrent assets	86,353,538	82,223,392	4,130,146
Total assets	94,646,018	89,284,673	5,361,345
Current liabilities	4,845,292	3,798,783	1,046,509
Noncurrent liabilities	3,901,009	4,429,729	(528,720
Total liabilities	8,746,301	8,228,512	517,789
Net-Exected and discussioning	[6][6][6][6] \$ 85 ₇ 89 <u>9</u> ,71.7	\$ 81,056,161	<u> 4,843,556</u>
Investment in capital assets	\$ 82,813,078	\$ 79,066,700	\$ 3,746,378
Restricted for improvement projects in progress	3,540,460	3,156,692	383,768
Unrestricted	(453,821	(1,167,231)	713,410
Net Assets Assets and the second	\$ 85,899,717	* \$ 81,056,161 =	\$ 4,843,556

	Net Assets		
	Sept 30, 2005	Sept 30, 2004	Increase (Decrease)
Current assets	\$ 7,061,281	\$ 8,391,786 \$	(1,330,505
Noncurrent assets	82,223,392	82,047,324	176,068
Total assets	89,284,673	90,439,110	(1,154,437
Current liabilities	3,798,783	2,667,002	1,131,781
Noncurrent liabilities	4,429,729	4,269,479	160,250
Total liabilities	8,228,512	6,936,481	1,292,031
Net Assets,	\$ 81,056,161	\$ 83,502,629 \$	(2,446,468
Investment in capital assets Restricted for improvement	\$ 79,066,700	\$ 80,139,357 \$	(1,072,657)
projects in progress	3,156,692	1,907,967	1,248,725
Unrestricted	(1,167,231)	1,455,305	(2,622,536
Net Assets and the second	\$ 81,056,161	**\$ 83,502,629 8	(2,446,468

Net assets is an indicator of the fiscal health of the School System. Assets for governmental activities exceeded liabilities by \$85,899,717 and \$81,056,161 as of September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The largest component of net assets is invested in capital assets amounting to \$82,813,078 and \$79,066,700 at September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Net assets increased by \$4,843,556 in fiscal year 2006 and decreased by \$2,446,468 in fiscal year 2005. The increase in net assets in 2006 is due to increase in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation while the decrease in net assets in fiscal year 2005 is primarily due to restatements in fund balance arising from the increase in accumulated depreciation for the change in useful life of vehicles from eight (8) years to five (5) years, and the reversal of revenue recorded for uncollected lapsed funds.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Revenues

Total revenues for FY 2006 was \$69,838,002 a 4.8% decrease from FY 2005. While total revenues for FY 2005 was \$73,414,824, a 19% increase from FY 2004.

	Rev	enues			
	Se	pt 30, 2006	Se	pt_30, 2005	Increase (Decrease)
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	563,917	\$	140,100	\$ 423,817
Operating grants and contributions		28,340,642		34,635,642	(6,295,000)
		28,904,559		34,775,742	(5,871,183)
General revenues					
Unrestricted CNMI appropriations		37,209,928		37,404,908	(194,980)
Restricted for capital improvements		3,623,424		1,234,174	2,389,250
Miscellaneous, unrestricted		100,091		_	 100,091
•		40,933,443		38,639,082	2,294,361
	\$	69,838,002	\$	73,414,824	\$ (3,576,822)

Revenues							
	Se	pt 30, 2005	Se	pt 30, 2004		Increase (Decrease)	
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	140,100	\$	142,745	\$	(2,645)	
Operating grants and contributions		34,635,642		23,539,319		11,096,323	
		34,775,742		23,682,064		11,093,678	
General revenues							
Unrestricted CNMI appropriations		37,404,908		37,796,320		(391,412)	
Restricted for capital improvements		1,234,174		19,598		1,214,576	
Miscellaneous, unrestricted		· -		140,316		(140,316)	
•		38,639,082		37,956,234		682,848	
	\$	73,414,824	\$	61,638,298	\$_	11,776,526	

Revenues are classified as either general or program.

Program revenues are those directly generated by a function or activity of the government entity. Revenue reported as program revenues by PSS pertains to Federal grants, local donations, charges for services and indirect costs allocation.

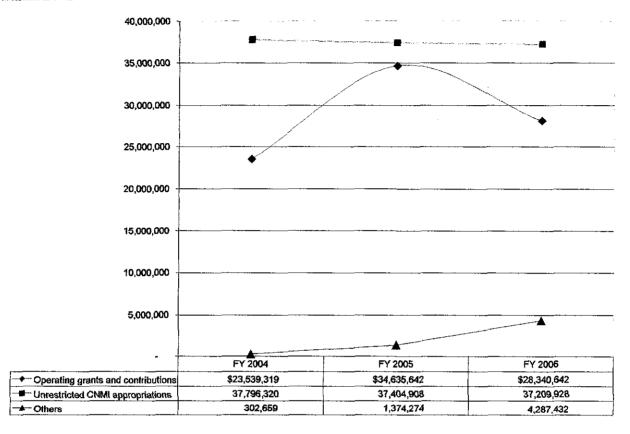
The decrease in program revenues is primarily due to decrease cash received from Federal grants FY 2006 by \$5,035,148.

The general revenue classification includes appropriations, interest and other income not identifiable to specific activities.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Exhibit I



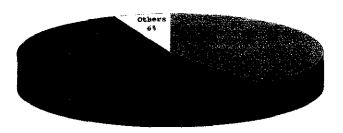
The chart above shows PSS revenues over the past three years.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Exhibit II

FY 2006 Revenues



Unrestricted CNMI appropriations constitute 54% of FY 2006 revenues and are the highest source of revenue for the PSS.

Operating grants and contributions, which primarily consist of Federal grants, is the second highest source of PSS revenue. Federal grants exhibited a significant decrease from prior year.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Expenses

Total district-wide expenses by function were as follows:

	Expenses			
	Sept 30, 2006	Sept 30, 2006 Sept 30, 2005		
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 28,147,138	\$ 28,693,622	\$ (546,484)	
Special education	9,099,768	10,203,335	(1,103,567)	
Co-curricular	1,319,477	1,481,950	(162,473)	
Student services	16,183,036	20,513,093	(4, <u>330,057)</u>	
	54,749,419	60,892,000	(6, 142, 581)	
Support services:				
General administration	2,277,927	3,035,350	(757,423)	
School administration	3,948,472	4,789,489	(841,017)	
Other support	95,485	179,188	(83,703)	
Community	2,151,237	2,633,160	(481,923)	
Individual programs	1,379,853	779,967	599,886	
Depreciation - unallocated	920,773	1,029,035	(108,262)	
•	10,773,747	12,446,189	(1,672,442)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 65,523,166	\$ 73,338,189	\$ (7,815,023)	

	Expense	3					
	Sept 30, 2005 Sept 30, 2004						
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 28,	693,622	\$	27,952,642	\$	740,980	
Special education	10,	203,335		9,830,008		373,327	
Co-curricular	1,	481,950		1,380,742		101,208	
Student services	20,	513,093		10,511,051		10,002,042	
		892,000		49,674,443		11,217,557	
Support services:							
General administration	3,	035,350		2,846,402		188,948	
School administration	4,	789,489		4,445,610		343,879	
Other support		179,188		183,760		(4,572)	
Community	2,	633,160		2,316,656		316,504	
Individual programs		779,967		1,017,065		(237,098)	
Depreciation - unallocated	1,	029,035		936,339		92,696	
	12,	446,189		11,745,832		700,357	
Total governmental activities	\$ 73,	338,189	\$	61,420,275	\$	11,917,914	

Total governmental activities expenses decreased by \$7,815,023 or 11% as compared to FY 2005. This is due to lower Federal grants expenditures in FY 2006.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

OVERALL FINANCIAL POSITION

The overall financial position of the PSS as shown in the fund financial statements (balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) improved by \$535,157 or 8% from last year's decline by \$1,046,366 or 14%.

FUND ANALYSIS

		Fund Balan	ce					
				Capital				
	G	eneral Fund	Pr	ojects Fund _	No	n-Major Fund		Tot <u>al</u>
Fund balance, 9/30/05	\$	2,189,410	\$	3,142,141	\$	1,087,639	\$	6,419,190
Fund balance, 9/30/06		2,913,989	_	2,404,904		565,140		5,884,033
Increase (decrease) in fund balance	\$	724,579	\$	(737,237)	\$	(522,499)	\$	(535,157)
Percentage change		33%		33% -23%		-48%		-8%

The general revenues exceeded expenses by \$724,579, while non-major funds' expenses exceeded revenues resulting to a \$522,499 decrease in fund balance. Capital project funds decreased by \$737,237, the net effect of additional capital improvement projects (CIP) in 2006 net of complete CIP transferred to fixed assets.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

	General Fund				
	Budget Original Revision		Final	Final Actual	
REVENUES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 100,091	
Total revenues		_	<u> </u>	100,091	100,091
EXPENDITURES:					
Current operations:					
Instructional programs:					
Regular	28,384,076	_	28,384,076	28,131,722	252,354
Special	2,773,357	_	2,773,357	2,556,952	216,405
Co-curricular	1,008,977	_	1,008,977	950,048	58,929
Supporting services:					
General administration	370,074	_	370,074	318,564	51,510
School administration	4,112,889	_	4,112,889	3,836,072	276,817
Individual programs	575,565	_	575 , 565	590,778	(15,213)
Other					
Total expenditures	37,224,938	_	37,224,938	36,384,136	840,802
Capital outlays:		_			
Equipment and vehicles	_	-	_	135,549	(135,549)
Construction in progress	_			65,755	(65,75 <u>5)</u>
•		_		201,304	(201,304)
Deficiency of revenues			"		
over expenditures	(37,224,938)	_	(37,224,938)	(36,485,349)	739,589
Other financing sources:					
Operating transfers in	37,224,938	<u> </u>	37,224,938	37,209,928	(15,010)
Excess of revenues			<u> </u>		
and other financing sources					
over expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 724,579	\$ 724,579

Initially the PSS budget from CNMI appropriations was reduced by \$2,000,000 but this was subsequently reinstated.

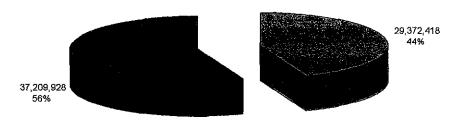
Total appropriations exceeded total expenditures for fiscal year 2006, primarily due to approximately \$500 thousand encumbered for textbooks from the textbook relief appropriation and \$225 thousand encumbered for contracts pertaining to schools operations.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Exhibit III

PSS Budget FY 2006



図Federal grant ■Local Funds

Federal and Local Budget Review

Year	Total Funding	Federal Fun	Local Funding_		
		Amount	<u>\$</u>	Amount	<u>8</u>
1997	\$53,763,700	\$12,000,000	22%	\$41,763,700	78%
1998	55,100,000	13,000,000	24%	42,100,000	76ቄ
1999	53,730,342	16,000,000	30%	37,730,342	70%
2000	53,280,342	17,000,000	32%	36,280,342	68%
2001	54,230,342	17,000,000	31%	37,230,342	69%
2002	55,230,342	18,000,000	33%	37,230,342	67%
2003	60,230,342	23,000,000	38%	37,230,342	62%
2004	60,730,342	23,500,000	39%	37,230,342	61%
2005	63,032,129	25,801,787	41%	37,230,342	59%
2006	66,582,346	29,372,418	44%	37.209.928	56%

The contribution of local funding to the total funding has varied between 56% to 78% for the 10-year period from 1997 to 2006. Federal funding continue to increase over the past ten years while local funding significantly declined from \$42 million in 1998 to \$37 million in 2001 and has remained in that level until 2006.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

CAPITAL ASSETS

The PSS' investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2006 is \$82,813,078 net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense for the year was \$1,563,714.

Capital Assets								
	Sept 30, 2006 Sept 30, 2005							
Capital assets not depreciated Land	\$ 36,647,850	\$ 36,647,850	\$ 36,647,850					
Capital assets, net of accumulated dep		Ç 3070477030	ψ <u>33,041,030</u>					
Building and improvements	44,211,039	40,659,778	41,416,117					
Vehicle	1,449,278	1,350,107	1,332,386					
Others	504,911	408,965	743,004					
	46,165,228	42,418,850	43,491,507					
	\$ 82,813,078	\$ 79,066,700	\$ 80,139,357					

More detailed information on capital assets is on Note 3 in the notes to the financial statements.

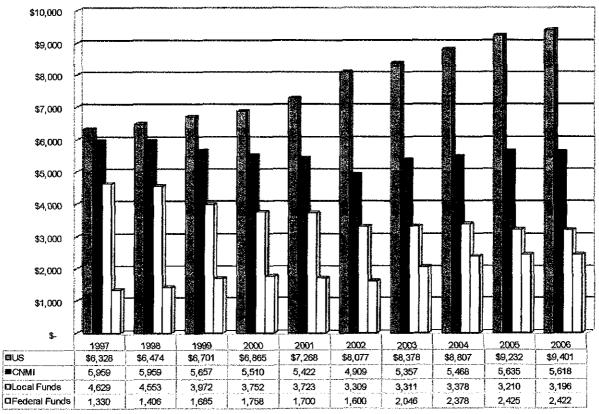
(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

OTHER MATTERS

Exhibit IV

COST PER CHILD



Public School Cost per Child: Comparing CNMI to US Average

Key: National - total costs for 1997-2001 are actual expenditures (Source: NCES)
National - total costs for 2002-2006 are projections (Source: NCES)
CNMI - total costs for 1997-2005 are actual expenditures (Source: PSS FBO)
CNMI - total costs for 2006 are projections (Source: PSS FBO)

The enrollment in 1997 was approximately 9,200 students while the enrollment in 2006 was 11,693 students. With this increase in enrollment and local funding remaining constant, locally funded cost per child dropped from \$4,629 in 1997 to \$3,196 in 2006.

The total cost per child in CNMI in 2006 of \$5,618 is \$3,783 or 40% lower that the \$9,401 cost per child in the US.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

In SY 1997-1998 PSS operated 14 schools with a total annual budget of \$41.7 million and approximately 9,200 students. Since 1998, PSS has added six schools: Dandan Elementary School, Kagman Elementary and High Schools, Sinapalo Elementary School, ChaCha Middle School and Saipan Southern High School.

In SY 1999-2006, PSS operated 20 schools with approximately 11,000 students with the same \$37 million annual budget. These new schools received their budgets from existing schools. The cost for these schools in FY 2006 is \$8.0 million. Approximately \$2.0 million is the reduction in total budget due to transferring teachers from the old schools to the new schools. However, all the general and administration costs of these schools were financed by reducing Central Office and other existing schools' budgets. Some of the teacher costs of these new schools were financed by reallocating Federal funds. Under the new budget rules passed by the legislature, the Commissioner of Education is the responsible spending authority. This flexibility has enabled the PSS to respond to any school's needs without the permission of the CNMI government.

All emergency repairs and maintenance of all schools are handled by the Commissioner's Office. Urgent request for a new teacher is handled by local transfer from another school, or by requesting the Federal Programs Office to provide the necessary funds.

Teacher Certification and "No Child Left Behind"

The PSS has increased its requirements for its teaching staff. Except for a few vocational teachers, all teachers have bachelor degrees. PSS is working with Northern Marianas College to provide specific endorsements for all teachers teaching out of their field. In approximately five years, all teachers in the system will be teaching in their specialized fields.

With the passage of the "No Child Left Behind" Act (the largest educational act ever passed in the USA), the PSS will respond by continuously upgrading all its staff and facilities and equipment.

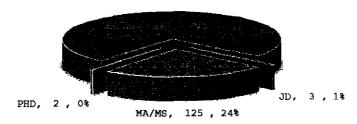
The PSS since 1998 has required that all classroom teachers total of 511 must, at a minimum, possess a bachelor's degree, fully state certified, and has passed rigorous state examination evidencing core subject knowledge to teach in the CNMI PSS.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

EXHIBIT V

Classroom Teacher Degree Count



Two years ago only 16% of our teacher had taken and passed their PRAXIS I and PRAXIS II core content knowledge test. Today 63% have attained HQT status in accordance with the NCLB Act of 2001 and BOE policy by:

- 1. Possessing a bachelor's degree or higher;
- 2. Attained full state certification; and
- 3. Passed PRAXIS I and PRAXIS II core content knowledge tests.

PSS can project, based on current trend, that 76% of PSS' teachers will be HQT by the beginning of next school year, 90% by SY08-09 and 100% by SY09-10. Once teachers pass and become HQT, they will receive the HQT salary adjustments.

Headstart and Special Education

The Headstart Program of the CNMI has been generously supported by Local funds. New sites for Headstart Centers are donated by the CNMI government and the construction of Headstart facilities are funded by both local and federal contributions. The majority of the operating and training costs have been supplied by Federal funds. Headstart has been upgrading its support and teaching staff to comply with Federal policies.

The Special Education costs are primarily funded with Federal funds, however Local funds have been provided for teachers and teacher aides. The Special Education Program is solvent, and provides the CNMI with the necessary teachers and provides the program with highly trained specialists such as psychologists, audiologist, speech therapist, occupational and physical therapists. Unfortunately, the retention rate for the related specialists has not been favorable. This is due to the nationwide shortage of the various specialists. The PSS has requested the legislature to allow hiring of non-US citizens to fill these positions.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Debt Outstanding

The PSS does not record any debt associated with the Bond on its balance sheet. Therefore, PSS has no Long-term debt and it relies on the CNMI government to finance any major capital expenditures.

Economic Factors

The Board anticipates an increased enrollment over the next several years and will need continued increases in classroom space, teachers, and equipment. Local funding is a major source of income for the Board. Therefore, the CNMI economic outlook directly affects that of the schoolCommonwealth's two major industries, garment manufacturing and tourism, have been facing major challenges since 1998. The CNMI government has maintained and exceeded its constitutional requirement of 15% of its total budget for public education at elementary and secondary levels. It is impossible to predict the economic outlook of the CNMI, but the PSS has weathered a particularly bad storm over the last seven years without the massive layoffs and deficits of many of the states in the US. It has significantly increased It has continued to teach its physical plant in spite of the poor economy. more students with the same total payroll. Granted the Federal funds have helped. The local funds provide \$37 million while the Federal provides approximately \$27 million. The Board, the Commissioner and the staff are aware of the economic pitfalls. All of these factors, as well as the Commonwealth's budget difficulties, were considered in preparing the Board's budget for the 2007 fiscal year. The Board's budget of \$50 million for FY 2007 was created to upgrade the older schools' electrical systems, and to upgrade the structural safety of the older schools. PSS will cut expenditures and reduce or eliminate lower priority services, but it will protect core instructional programs and the personnel associated with them.

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of the Public School System of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Tim Thornburgh Federal Programs Officer PO Box 501370 Saipan, MP 96950

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Statements of Net Assets - Governmental Activities September 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,659,453	\$ 2,642,996
Receivable from CNMI	2,706,871	1,472,850
Receivable from Federal agencies	1,551,277	1,302,440
Other receivables	43,392	1,302,656
Advances, net	331,487	340,339
·		
Total current assets	8,292,480	7,061,281
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Noncurrent assets:	3,540,460	3,156,692
Capital improvement projects in progress	3,340,400	3,130,092
Capital assets, net of accumulated	92 913 079	79,066,700
depreciation	82,813,078	79,000,700
Total current assets	86,353,538	82,223,392
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 94,646,018	\$ 89,284 <u>,673</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued payroll and others	\$ 1,571,260	\$ 1,719,385
Vouchers payable	1,000,475	621,977
Deferred revenue	1,928,989	1,454,793
Other liabilities	344,568	<u>2,628</u>
Total current liabilities	4,845,292	3,798,783
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Accrued leave liability	3,901,009	4,429,729
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 8,746,301	\$ 8,228,512
NET ASSETS		•
Restricted for:		
Investment in capital assets	\$ 82,813,078	\$ 79,066,700
Capital improvement projects in progress	3,540,460	3,156,692
Unrestricted	(453,821)	<u>(1,167,231</u>)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 85,899,717	\$ 81,056,161

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Statements of Activities
For the Years Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005

				Net (Expenses) Revenue		
		Program	Revenues	and Changes in Net A		
			Operating			
		Charges for	Grants and	Tot	al	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	2006	2005	
Governmental activites:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 28,147,138	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (28,147,138)		
Special education	9,099,768	-	6,827,829	(2,271,939)	(2,779,041)	
Co-curricular	1,319,477	-	368,769	(950,708)	(995,489)	
Student services	16,183,036	563,917	17,037,171	1,418,052	(102,942)	
Total instruction	54,749,419	563,917	24,233,769	(29,951,733)	(32,571,094)	
Support services:						
General administration	2,277,927	_	1,273,349	(1,004,578)	(502,149)	
School administration	3,948,472	-	153,502	(3,794,970)	(4,563,044)	
Other support	95,485	-	-	(95,485)	(179,188)	
Community	2,151,237	-	2,151,237	-	-	
Individual programs	1,379,853	-	528,785	(851,068)	282,063	
Depreciation - unallocated	920,773			(920,773)	(1,029,035)	
Total support services	10,773,747		4,106,873	(6,666,874)	(5,991,353)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 65,523,166	\$ 563,917	\$ 28,340,642	\$ (36,618,607)	\$ (38,562,447)	
	Unrestricted Capital impro Miscellaneous	ovement, CNMI		37,209,928 3,623,424 100,091	37,404,908 1,234,174	
	Subtotal	, general rev	enues	40,933,443	38,639,082	
	Changes in Net Assets			4,314,836	76,635	
	Current year restatement			528,720	(2,523,103)	
	Net assets -	beginning		81,056,161	83,502,629	
	Net assets -	ending		\$ 85,899,717	\$ 81,056,161	

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Balance Sheets Governmental Funds September 30, 2006 and 2005

	General	Capital Non-major		Total Governmental Funds		
Aur.	Fund	Projects Fund	Funds	2006	2005	
		·				
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,659,453	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,659,453	\$ 2,642,996	
Receivables from CNMI Receivables from Federal agencies	2,693,640	-	13,231 1,551,277	2,706,871 1,551,277	1,472,850 1,302,440	
Other receivables	43,392	_	-	43,392	1,302,656	
Advances, net	181,732	-	149,755	331,487	340,339	
Due from other funds	169,294		2,180,483	2,349,777	2,994,897	
	6,747,511	-	3,894,746	10,642,257	10,056,178	
Capital improvement						
projects in progress		2,436,845		2,436,845	3,156,692	
						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 6,747,511	\$ 2,436,845	\$ 3,894,746	\$ 13,079,102	\$ 13,212,870	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES:						
Accrued payroll and others	\$ 1,571,260	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,571,260	\$ 1,719,385	
Vouchers payable	1,000,099	=	376	1,000,475	621,977	
Deferred revenue	-	21 041	1,928,989	1,928,989	1,454,793 2,996,374	
Due to other funds	917,595	31,941	1,400,241	2,349,777 344,568	1,151	
Other liabilities	344,568				4,101	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,833,522	31,941	3,329,606	7,195,069	6,793,680	
fund balances:						
Reserved for:		2 404 204		2 404 004	3,142,141	
Capital improvement projects	_	2,404,904	-	2,404,904	3,142,141	
Unreserved	2,913,989		565,140	3,479,129	3,277,049	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	2,913,989	2,404,904	565,140	5,884,033	6,419,190	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES	\$ 6,747,511	\$ 2,436,845	\$ 3,894,746			
_						
		ed in governmental				
,		cial resources and as assets in govern				
	noc roporcoa c	,,				
	The cost of ca Accumulated de	apital assets is epreciation is	\$ 93,588,181 10,775,103	82,813,078	79,066,700	
•	Canital improveme	nt projects funded	by the			
		nt reported as cur				
	resources in the governmental fund balance sheets.			1,103,615	_	
	paralice silears	? •		1/100/013		
	Long-term liability that are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.					
_		year-end pertains ve liability	co:	(3,901,009)	(4,429,729)	
	Total net accete	- governmental act	ivities	\$ 85,899,717	\$ 81,056,161	
•	TOTAL HOU HOBELS	gorozimoneuz de				

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the Years Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005

	General	Capital	Non-Major	Total Govern	mental Funds
	Fund	Projects Fund	Funds	2006	2005
REVENUES:					
federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,067,293	\$ 27,067,293	\$ 32,102,441
Local	100,091	3,623,424	1,273,349	4,996,864	3,735,692
Charges for services	· _	_	563,917	563,917	140,100
TOTAL REVENUES	100,091	3,623,424	28,904,559	32,628,074	35,978,233
		<u> </u>			
EXPENDITURES:					
Current operations:					
Instructional programs:					
Regular	28,131,722	-		28,131,722	28,686,004
Special	2,556,952	-	6,345,876	8,902,828	10,165,763
Co-curricular	950,048		368,769	1,318,817	1,480,630
Student services			16,142,056	16,142,056	20,641,377
Total instructional programs	31,638,722	_	22,856,701	<u>54,495,423</u>	60,973,774
Supporting services:					
General administration	318,564	-	1,917,675	2,236,239	2,850,543
School administration	3,836,072	-	25,433	3,861,505	4,672,944
Individual programs	590,778	-	528,785	1,119,563	1,656,265
Other		95,485		95,485	179,188
Total supporting services	4,745,414	95,485	2,471,893	7,312,792	9,358,940
g.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	_	2,151,237	2,151,237	2,633,160
Community services			2,131,237	2,131,237	2,0007100
Capital outlays:					
Equipment and vehicles	135,549	-	687,234	822,783	-
Construction in progress	65,755	4,265,176	1,259,993	5,590,924	
Total capital outlays	201,304	4,265,176	1,947,227	6,413,707	_
					<u></u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	36,585,440	4,360,661	29,427,058	70,373,159	72,965,874
DVCDCC (DESTATENCY) AS DEVENUES					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(36,485,349)	(737,237)	(522,499)	(37,745,085)	(36,987,641)
Over Emperone	,,,	,	, , ,	, , , , ,	•
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				27 222 222	27 224 222
Operating transfers in	37,209,928		<u>-</u>	37,209,928	37,224,908
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING USES	724,579	(737,237)	(522,499)	(535,157)	237,267
FINANCING USES	124,515	(13/723/)	(32-7-22)	(3007,001)	,
CURRENT YEAR RESTATEMENTS	-	_	_	~	(1,322,270)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	2,189,410	3,142,141	1,087,639	6,419,190	7,504,193
Town Summon's seaturered or loan					
FUND BALANCE, end of the year	<u>\$ 2,913,989</u>	\$ 2,404,904	\$ 56 <u>5,140</u>	\$ 5,884,033	\$ 6,419,190

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balance with the District-wide Statement of Activities
For the Years Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005

		2006	2005
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	Ş	(535,157)	\$ 237,267
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state of activities is different because:	ement		
Certain activities in the capital improvement project fund are reported in statement of changes in fund		1,103,615	31,683
Accrual of vacation leave		-	(160,250)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets a in governmental funds as expenditures. However, a governmental activities, those costs are shown in of net assets and allocated over their estimated as annual depreciation expense in the statement of this is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the period.	or the statement seful lives activities.		
Capital outlays \$ Depreciation expense	5,310,092 (1,563,714)	3,746,378	(32,065)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	4,314,836	<u>\$</u> 76,635

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget(GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2006

			General Fund		
		Budget			Variance Favorable
	Original	Revision	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
	<u> </u>	Kevision	<u> </u>	110 0001	(ontavorabro)
REVENUES	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 100,091	<u>\$ 100,091</u>
Total revenues				100,091	100,091
EXPENDITURES:					
Current operations:				4	
Instructional programs:					
Regular	28,384,076	_	28,384,076	28,131,722	252,354
Special	2,773,357	_	2,773,357	2,556,952	216,405
Co-curricular	1,008,977		1,008,977	950,048	58,929
Total instructional programs	32,166,410		32,166,410	31,638,722	527,688
Supporting services:					
General administration	370,074	-	370,074	318,564	51,510
School administration	4,112,889	_	4,112,889	3,836,072	276,817
Individual programs	575,565	-	575,565	590,778	(15,213)
Other		<u>-</u>			_
Total supporting programs	5,058,528		5,058,528	4,745,414	313,114
Capital outlays:					
Equipment and vehicles	_	_	_	135,549	(135,549)
Construction in progress	_	_	_	65,755	(65,755)
Total capital outlay				201,304	(201,304)
Total expenditures	37,224,938		37,224,938	36,585,440	639,498
Deficiency of revenues			.05 004 070	475 405 2404	720 500
over expenditures	(37,224,938)	_	(37,224,938)	(36,485,349)	739,589
Other financing sources:	27 224 226		22 224 020	37,209,928	(15,010)
Operating transfers in	37,224,938		37,224,938	31,203,320	(15,010)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources					
over expenditures and other financing uses	<u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 724,579	<u>\$</u> 724,579

The \$724,579 favorable budget variance pertains to obligated textbook relief appropriations of approximately \$500 thousand and \$225 thousand obligated for various contracts for school administration and operations.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

General Fund

Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
For the Year Ended September 30, 2006
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005)

			2005	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
REVENUES	<u>\$</u>	\$ 100,091	\$ 100,091	\$ <u>-</u>
Total revenues		100,091	100,091	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current operations:				
Instructional programs:				
Regular	28,384,076	28,131,722	252,354	28,686,004
Special	2,773,357	2,556,952	216,405	2,741,469
Co-curricular	1,008,977	950,048	58,929	994,169
Total instructional programs	32,166,410	31,638,722	527,688	32,421,642
.				
Supporting services: General administration	370,074	318,564	51,510	355,230
School administration	4,112,889	3,836,072	276,817	4,446,499
Individual programs	575,565	590,778	(15,213)	594,235
Other	-	_	-	_
Total supporting programs	5,058,528	4,745,414	313,114	5,395,964
				
Capital outlays:				
Equipment and vehicles	-	135,549	(135,549)	_
Construction in progress	_	65,755	<u>(65,755</u>)	
Total capital outlay		201,304	(201,304)	
Total expenditures	37,224,938	36,585,440	639,498	37,817,606
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	(37,224,938)	(36,485,349)	739,589	(37,817,606)
Other financing sources:				
Operating transfers in	37,224,938	37,209,928	(15,010)	37,224,908
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other				
financing uses	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 724,579</u>	\$ 724,5 <u>79</u>	\$ (592,698)

The \$724,579 favorable budget variance pertains to obligated textbook relief appropriations of approximately \$500 thousand and \$225 thousand obligated for various contracts for school administration and operations.

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Combining Balance Sheet - Non-major Funds September 30, 2006 and 2005

		Federal Grants		Local mations		CNMI Grants		ndirect Costs	Tot	al	
<u>ASSETS</u>		Fund		Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund	2006	_	2005
Receivables from CNMI Receivables from Federal agencies Advances, net Due from other funds	\$	1,158,274 149,755 1,965,544	\$	(1,508) (7,112) - 184,020	\$	14,739 - - -	\$	400,115 - 30,919	\$ 13,231 1,551,277 149,755 2,180,483	\$	13,231 1,302,440 92,294 1,261,007
	<u>\$</u>	3,273,573	<u>\$</u>	175,400	\$	14,739	\$	431,034	\$ 3,894,746	\$	2,668,972
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Vouchers payable Accrued payroll and others Deferred revenue Due to other funds	\$	376 - 1,858,637 -	\$	- - 41,084 498,922	\$	- - - 155,161	\$	- - 29,268 746,158	\$ 376 - 1,928,989 1,400,241	\$	352 58,860 31,474 1,490,647
Total liabilities		1,859,013		540,006		155,161		775,426	3,329,606		1,581,333
Fund balances (deficit): Reserved for encumbrances		1,414,560		(364,606)	_	(140,422)		(344,392)	 565,140	_	1,087,639
	<u>\$</u>	3,273,573	ş	175,400	\$	14,739	ş	431,034	\$ 3,894,746	\$	2,668,972

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance ${\tt Non-major}$ funds

For the Years Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005

	Federal Grants	Local Donations	CNMI Grants	Indirect Costs	Tot Non-majo	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	2006	2005
REVENUES: Federal	\$ 27,067,293	s -	\$ -	s -	\$ 27,067,293	\$ 32,102,441
Other local Charge for services	-	246,603 563,917	-	1,026,746	1,273,349 563,917	2,533,201 140,100
TOTAL REVENUES	27,067,293	810,520		1,026,746	28,904,559	34,775,742
EXPENDITURES:						
Current operations: Instructional programs:						
Regular	_	_	_	_	_	_
Special	6,345,876	_	-	-	6,345,876	7,424,294
Co-curricular	368,769	-	-	-	368,769	486,461
Student services	15,699,966	442,090			16,142,056	20,641,377
Total instructional programs	22,414,611	442,090		_	22,856,701	28,552,132
Supporting services:						
General administration	-	884,717	-	1,032,958	1,917,675	2,495,313
School administration	25,433	-	-	-	25,433	226,445
Individual programs	528,785	-	-	-	528,785	1,062,030
Other		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		179,188
Total supporting programs	554,218	884,717		1,032,958	2,471,893	3,962,976
Community services	2,151,237			_	2,151,237	2,633,160
Capital outlays:						
Equipment and vehicles	687,234	-		-	687,234	_
Construction in progress	1,259,993				1,259,993	_
Total capital outlays	1,947,227				1,947,227	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,067,293	1,326,807	-	1,032,958	29,427,058	35,148,268
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	(516,287)	-	(6,212)	(522,499)	(372,526)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of the year	<u>1,414,</u> 560	151,681	(140,422)	(338,180)	1,087,639	1,460,165
FUND BALANCE, end of the year	\$ 1,414,560	\$ (364,606)	\$ (140,422)	\$ (344,392)	\$ 565,140	\$ 1,087,639

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI) Public School System (PSS), a component unit of the CNMI, was established as a public non-profit corporation by the CNMI Public Law 6-10 (The Education Act of 1988), effective October 25, 1988, and began operations on October 1, 1988.

The PSS basic financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP). (GASB) Standards Board is responsible Governmenta1 Accounting and governments through for state local establishing US GAAP pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

A. Reporting Entity

PSS, as the state educational agency for pre-school, elementary and secondary education programs in the CNMI is under the direction of the CMNI Board of Education (BOE), which consists of five voting members elected at-large on a nonpartisan basis: one from Rota, one from Tinian, and three from Saipan. The Commissioner of Education, who is appointed by the Board of Education, is responsible for administering the PSS in accordance with applicable laws and Board policies.

Pursuant to CNMI Constitutional Amendment No. 38, the public education school system is guaranteed an annual budget of not less than fifteen percent (15%) of the general revenues of the CNMI Government. This budgetary appropriation may not be reprogrammed for other purposes, and any unencumbered fund balance at the end of a fiscal year shall be available for re-appropriation.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities present information about PSS. These statements include the overall financial activities of the school system. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of PSS' governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

B. Basis of Presentation, Continued

Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

PSS uses funds and an account group to report on its financial position and results of operations in conformity with standards of fund basis accounting for local governments promulgated by the GASB.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities and balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with the fund's special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The fund financial statements provide information about the PSS funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

PSS reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - Accounts for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is PSS' major operating fund.

Capital Project Fund - Accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of all major governmental projects.

Non-major Funds — Accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These were previously reported as Special Revenue Funds.

The Commissioner of Education has directed that indirect costs of the general fund expended for Federal grant activity be accounted for in a non-major fund and be used for particular programs and activities.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the timing of recognition, that is, when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-wide Fund Financial Statements

The governmental activities in the statement of net assets are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which PSS gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Government Fund Financial Statements

The governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

Revenues from other sources are recognized when received. Expenditures are generally recognized in the fiscal year the goods or services are received and the related fund liability is incurred. Debt service expenditures for principal interest on general long-term obligations are recognized when due unless resources have been provided for payment early in the subsequent fiscal year. Prepaid items and inventory purchases are reported as current fiscal year expenditures, rather than allocating cost to the fiscal year when items are used.

Expenditures for claims, judgments, compensated absences and employer retirement contributions are reported as the amount accrued during the fiscal year that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Budgetary encumbrances are not reported as expenditures.

Under the terms of grant agreements, PSS funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, Continued

All governmental funds of the PSS follow the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

PSS has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements — and Management's Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments and related standards. These new standards provide for significant changes in terminology and presentation and for the inclusion of Management's Discussion and Analysis as required supplementary information.

D. Budgetary Data

PSS has no authority to impose taxes to generate revenue. PSS is a dependent school district, as revenue and expenditure authorizations come from the CNMI Legislature. The CNMI legislative budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. An annual appropriated budget is adopted by the Legislature for PSS through an Annual Appropriations Act. Budgets for non-major funds are not included in the Annual Appropriation Act. Budgets for these funds are based upon grant awards received (and are thus non-appropriated). Project-length financial plans are adopted for all capital project funds.

Pursuant to the approved policies and regulations of the Public School System, the Policy 3100 outlines PSS' general budgetary procedures. A summary of the key budgetary steps and data reflected in the financial statements are as follows:

- 1. Program managers and principals submit their budgets to the Commissioner for review and compilation by the Management Committee every October 1.
- 2. By the fifth working day of November, the Commissioner presents the budget to the Board.
- 3. From the November 15 to December 31, revisions are made as appropriate and as approved by the Board.
- 4. By the first working day of February, the budget is presented to the Senate, House and the Office of the Governor.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

PSS pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursements and investments to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

2. Capital Assets

PSS' capital assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20-50	years
Land & building improvements	15	years
Vehicles	5	years
Others	5	years

In fiscal year 2005, PSS revised the useful life of vehicle and others from 8 years to 5 years.

3. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

4. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as a non-current liability. The liability as of September 30, 2006 and 2005 were \$3,901,009 and \$4,429,729, respectively. No expenditure is reported for these amounts. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity, Continued

4. Compensated Absences, Continued

An employee cannot carry over to the following calendar year accumulated annual leave in excess of three hundred sixty (360) hours. However, any annual leave accumulated in excess of 360 hours as of the end of the calendar year can be converted to sick leave on the last day of such calendar year.

5. Net Assets/Fund Balances

Net assets in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of Federal agencies, or imposed by law through state statute.

In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations or restrictions of fund balance represents amounts that are not appropriable, are legally segregated for a specific purpose, or are restricted by the grant agreement. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

<u>Reserved for encumbrances</u> — the portion of fund balance available to pay for any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at yearend.

<u>Unreserved</u> - the portion of total fund balance available for appropriation, which is uncommitted at yearend.

F. New Accounting Standards

During fiscal year 2005, the PSS implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures" (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3), which addresses common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. As an element of interest rate, GASB Statement No. 40 requires certain disclosures of investment that have fair values that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. PSS does not believe that the implementation of this Statement will have a material effect on its financial statement relating to investments.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

F. New Accounting Standards, Continued

In November 2003, GASB issued Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries". The provisions for this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2005. PSS does not believe that the implementation of this Statement have a material effect on its financial statements.

In April 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 43, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans". This Statement establishes uniform financial reporting for other postemployment benefit plans by State and Local governments. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 43 are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2007. PSS does not believe that the implementation of this Statement will have a material effect on its financial statements.

In May 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 44, "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section", an amendment to NCGA Statement 1. GASB Statement No. 44 improves the understandability and usefulness of statistical section information and further adds information from the new financial reporting model for State and Local governments required by GASB Statement No. 34. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2005.

In June 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefits expenses and related liabilities, note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports of State and Local governmental employers. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2008. PSS does not believe that the implementation of this Statement will have a material effect on its financial statements.

In June 2005, GASB issued Statement No. 47, "Accounting for Termination Benefits". This Statement establishes guidance for State and Local governmental employer on accounting and financial reporting for termination benefits. These benefits include incentives for voluntary terminations (e.g., early retirement window programs) and severance payments with respect to involuntary terminations. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2005. PSS does not believe that the implementation of this Statement will have a material effect on its financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

G. Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In December 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 46, "Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation" — an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34, which will be effective for the PSS beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2007. The provisions of this Statement clarifies that a legally enforceable enabling legislation is on that a party external to a government, such as citizens, public interest groups or the judiciary, can compel a government to honor. The management of PSS has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on its financial statements.

(2) Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance — total governmental funds and net assets — governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. The net adjustments for 2006 and 2005 consist of several elements as follows:

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund and the government-wide statement of net assets.

Description	2006	<u> 2005</u>
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column) less accumulated depreciation	\$ 93,588,181 (<u>10,775,103</u>)	\$ 88,278,090 (<u>9,211,390</u>)
Net capital assets	82,813,078	79,066,700
Capital improvement projects	1,103,615	-
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements: Annual leave liability	(<u>3,901,009</u>)	(<u>4,429,729</u>)
Total adjustment	\$ 80,015,684	<u>\$ 74,636,971</u>

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(2) Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. Continued

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances — total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The total adjustments of 2006 and 2005 pertain to the following:

Description	2006	2005
Certain activities in the Capital Improvement		
Project fund is reported in the statement of changes in fund balance	\$1,103,615	\$ 31,683
Annual leave accrual	-	(160,250)
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the		
Statement of Activities.	5,310,092	1,595,708
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but		
not in the fund statements.	(1,563,714)	(<u>1,627,773</u>)
Total adjustments	<u>\$4,849,993</u>	(<u>\$ 160,632</u>)

(3) Detail Notes on all Funds

Cash and Cash Equivalents

GASB Statement No. 3 previously required government entities to present deposit risks as follows:

Category 1 — Deposits that are federally insured or collateralized with securities held by PSS or its agents in PSS' name.

Category 2 — Deposits that are uninsured but are fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in PSS' name.

Category 3 - Deposits that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent but not in PSS' name and non-collateralized deposit.

GASB Statement No. 40 amended GASB Statement No. 3 to in effect eliminate disclosures for deposits falling under categories 1 and 2 but retained disclosures for deposits under category 3 that have exposure to custodial risk. PSS does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(3) Detail Notes on all Funds, Continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents, continued

For purposes of the Statement of Net Assets, cash is defined as amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months from the date acquired. As of September 30, 2006 and 2005, the total amounts deposited with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured banks were \$4,727,350 and \$4,511,540, respectively. From these deposits, \$200,000 in 2006 and 2005 were subject to coverage by FDIC with the remaining balance exceeding insurable limits. PSS does not require collateralization of bank accounts, and therefore, amounts in excess of insurable limits are uncollateralized. PSS has not experienced any losses on these deposits.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are amounts due primarily from the CNMI government and from Federal grantor agencies.

Receivables at the government-wide level at September 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

Accounts receivable - September 30, 2006

	Receivable <u>from CNMI</u>	Receivable from Federal <u>Agencies</u>
Governmental activities: General Fund Other governmental	\$ 2,637,823	\$ 1,551,277
activities	69,048	
Total	<u>\$ 2,706,871</u>	<u>\$ 1,551,277</u>

Accounts receivable - September 30, 2005

		teceivable	fr	eceivable om Federal Agencies
Governmental activities: General Fund Other governmental	\$	1,410,038	\$	1,302,440
activities		62,812	_	
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,472,850	\$	1,302,440

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(3) Detail Notes on all Funds, Continued

Travel Advances

The Board of Education's policy considers travel advances as a loan to the traveler until proper reconciliation of approved travel expenses has been authorized. Travel advances are liquidated upon submission of required travel documents in accordance with PSS' policy.

Travel advances, included in the statement of net assets as part of advances, are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$272,277 at September 30, 2006 and 2005.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

September 30, 2006	_			
Governmental activities	September 30, 2005	Increases	Retirement	September 30, 2006
Governmental accivities	30, 2003	Increases	<u>Recii</u> chene	<u> </u>
Capital asset not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$36,647,850</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$36,647,850</u>
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated:	36,647,850			36,647,850
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings & improvements	46,802,327	4,487,309		51,289,636
Vehicles	3,626,164	487,233	-	4,113,397
Others	1,201,750	335,550		<u>1,53</u> 7,300
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	51,630,241	5,310,092	=	56,940,333
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & improvements	6,142,549	936,047	-	7,078,596
Vehicles	2,276,056	388,064	_	2,664,120
Others	792,786	239,603		1,032,389
Total accumulated				
depreciation	9,211,391	1,563,714		10,775,105
<u>-</u>		•		
Total capital assets				
being depreciated,	42,418,850	3,746,378		46,165,230
net	42,410,030	3,740,370		40,103,230
Governmental activity capital				
assets, net	<u>\$79,066,700</u>	<u>\$ 3,746,378</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$82,813,078</u>

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(3) Detail Notes on all Funds, Continued

Capital Assets, Continued

September 30, 2005				
m	September	Increases	Retirement	September 30, 2005
Governmental activities	30, 2004	Increases	Kecilement	30, 2003
Capital asset not being depreciated: Land	\$36,647,850	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$36,647,850
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	36,647,850	<u>-</u>		36,647,850
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings & improvements	46,622,327	180,000	-	46,802,327
Vehicles	3,515,292	1,246,275	1,135,403	3,626,164
Others	1,650,377	<u>169,433</u>	<u>618,060</u>	1,201,750
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	51,787,996	1,595,708	1,753,463	51,630,241
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & improvements	5,206,210	936,339	_	6,142,549
Vehicles	2,182,906	461,814	1,135,403	1,509,317
Others	907,373	<u>229,620</u>	<u>618,060</u>	<u>518,933</u>
	8,296,489	1,627,773	1,753,463	8,170,799
Prior period adjustment to change				
Useful life of vehicle and others				
From 8 to 5	_	<u>1,040,592</u>		1,040,592
Total accumulated depreciation	8,296,489	2,668,365	1,753,463	9,211,391
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	43,491,507	(<u>1,072,657</u>)		42,418,850
Governmental activity capital			•	470 066 700
assets, net	\$80,139,357	(<u>\$ 1,072,657</u>)	<u>s – </u>	<u>\$79,066,700</u>

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(3) Detail Notes on all Funds, Continued

Capital Assets, Continued

Depreciation expenses directly identified to specific functions are charged as direct expense and depreciation of assets that essentially serves all functions are charged as unallocated depreciation.

	2006	2005
Individual programs	\$ 260,290	\$ 220,490
Special education	196,940	198,811
School administration	86,967	116,545
Student services	40,980	3,798
General administration	41,688	50,156
Regular	15,416	7,618
Co-curricular	<u>660</u>	1,320
	642,941	598,738
Unallocated depreciation	920,773	1,029,035
Total	\$1,563,714	\$1,627,773

Retirement Plan

PSS contributes to the Northern Mariana Islands Retirement Fund (NMIRF), a defined benefit, cost-sharing multi-employer pension plan established and administered by the CNMI. NMIRF provides retirement, security and other benefits to employees of the CNMI government and CNMI agencies, instrumentalities and public corporations, and to their spouses and dependents. Benefits are based on the average annual salary over the term of credited service. Generally, benefits vest after three years of credited service. For early retirement, after 10 years of vesting service and members is at least 52 years of age. Members, who retire at or after age 60, or with 25 years of vesting service, are entitled to retirement benefits. CNMI Public Law 6-17, the Northern Mariana Islands Retirement Fund Act of 1988, is the authority under which benefit provisions are established.

As a result of the Fund's actuarial valuation report (as of October 1, 2003), it has been determined that for the year ended September 30, 2004, the funding requirement for employer is 36.7727% of covered payroll, and funding requirements for employees are 6.5% and 9.0% of covered payroll for Class I and Class II members, respectively.

The funding requirement is calculated as that percentage of total payroll, which is necessary to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The Fund uses the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the unfunded liability over a period not to exceed 40 years from October 1980. Significant actuarial assumptions used to compute contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(3) Detail Notes on all Funds, Continued

Retirement Plan, Continued

The Fund utilizes the actuarial cost method termed "entry age normal cost" with actuarial assumptions used to compute the pension benefit obligation as follows: (a) a rate of return of 7.5% per year on the investment of present and future assets, (b) a 5% increase in employee salaries compounded annually until retirement, (c) expenses at 1.1% of total payroll, and (d) retirement age of the earlier of age 62 and 3 years of vesting service (not including 5 additional years granted after 20 years of service) for Class I or age 60 and 25 years of service for Class II members (including 5 additional years granted after 20 years of service).

The PSS is exempt by Public Law 14-98 from any rate increase of its employer contribution to the Retirement Fund until November 21, 2010.

Required contributions and the percentage actually contributed for the current year and for the preceding three years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Required <u>Contribution</u>	Percentage of Required Contribution Contributed
9/30/06	\$ 8,113,912	100%
9/30/05	8,587,077	100%
9/30/04	8,391,306	100%
9/30/03	7,985,986	100%

Medical and Life Insurance Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the CNMI Government also ensures that employees are provided with medical and life insurance benefits. The CNMI Government created the Group Health and Life Insurance Trust Fund ("Trust Fund"), held in trust and administered by the Northern Mariana Islands Retirement Fund (NMIRF). PSS contributes to the Group Health and Life Insurance program. This is open to active employees who work at least 20 hours per week and retired CNMI government employees who retire as a result of length of service, disability or age, as well as their dependents. Further, these eligible persons must have elected to enroll during the period permitted in the Emergency Regulations adopted on September 6, 1996. Life insurance coverage is to be provided by a private carrier. Contributions from employees and employers are based on rates as determined by NMIRF Board of Trustees. Employee deductions are made through payroll or pension benefit withholdings.

Grants

Federal grants and assistance awards from various Federal agencies made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as revenue when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement-type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures or expenses are incurred.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(3) Detail Notes on all Funds, Continued

Transfer-in from CNMI Government

Pursuant to Public Law 10-34, the CNMI government appropriated \$37,209,928 for PSS' operational use for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005.

Receivable from CNMI government under the general fund is summarized as follows:

	2006	2005
Receivable, beginning	\$ 1,410,038	\$ 4,278,074
Appropriation Reprogramming	37,209,928	37,209,928 <u>15,000</u>
Total additions	37,209,928	37,224,928
Transfers 3% reduction Lapsed funds	(35,982,143)	(37,654,435) (1,116,298) (1,322,231)
Total deductions	(_35,982,143)	(<u>40,092,964</u>)
Receivable, ending	\$ 2,637,823	\$ 1,410,038

Non-current Liabilities

Non-current liabilities presented in the statement of net assets include accrued leave liability.

	2006	2005
Beginning balance Increase (decrease)	\$ 4,429,729 (<u>528,720</u>)	\$ 4,269,479 160,250
Ending balance Due within one year	3,901,009	4,429,729
Accrued leave liability	<u>\$ 3,901,009</u>	\$ 4,429,729

PSS uses local funds to liquidate accrued leave liability.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(3) Detail Notes on all Funds, Continued

Non-major funds

Specific revenues earmarked to finance particular programs and activities of the Public School System are accounted for in Special Revenue Funds. A summary of PSS' Non-major Funds as of September 30, 2006 and 2005 follows:

Federal Grants Fund - This fund accounts for activities pertaining to Federal operations grants. The primary revenue source of this fund is grant awards from various Federal agencies.

Local Donations Fund - This fund accounts for activities pertaining to local donations received for specific purposes.

The primary revenue source of this fund is donations from private individuals or organizations.

CNMI Grants Fund - This fund was established to account for projects that were appropriated without fiscal year limitation by Public Law 8-2.

Indirect Costs Fund - This fund, established through directive of the PSS Commissioner of Education, accounts for indirect costs of PSS related to Federal grants.

(4) Contingencies

PSS administers significant financial assistance from the Federal government in the form of grants and entitlements. Receipt of grants is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable Federal regulations, including expenditure of resources for eligible purposes. Substantially, all grants are subject to either the Single Audit Act or to financial and compliance audits by the grantor agencies of the Federal government or their designees.

Disallowances and sanctions as a result of these audits may become liabilities of PSS and the general fund would be liable for the return of such funds. However, no liability which may arise from the ultimate outcome of this matter has been provided for in the accompanying financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(5) <u>Commitments</u>

In June 1997, CNMI House Joint Resolution No. 10-36 authorized PSS to issue general obligation bonds for a total value not to exceed \$15,685,000. These bonds are used to leverage an equal amount of Federal capital improvement project funds to finance school construction projects, and will be repaid by the CNMI Government through appropriation of liquid fuel taxes per Public Law 11-14. The liability relating to these bonds are recorded by the CNMI Government.

In December 17, 2004, PSS entered into 5-year lease contract with two service providers for printers and photocopy machines for various schools. Equipment rental pertaining to these agreements for the year ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$738,248 and \$553,680, respectively.

Future lease payments are as follows:

Year ended	September,	2007	738,248
	•	2008	738,248
		2009	738,248
		2010	<u>184,568</u>
Tot	al		\$2,399,312

(6) Risk Management

The CNMI government is a self-insured entity. The government has limited its general liability to individuals to \$100,000 by statute. For this reason the government does not maintain any insurance on its buildings, or employees. At some future date, the PSS may insure some of its assets, as an autonomous agency as it is not required to follow the CNMI's government of self-insurance.

PSS does require performance bonds on all its building projects financed by the government.

(7) Economic Dependency

PSS receives a substantial amount of its support from Federal and local governments. A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, may have an adverse effect on PSS' programs and activities.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

(8) Current year restatements

As of September 30, 2006, liabilities for accrued for annual leave decreased by \$528,720. Since these were already expensed in prior years, the reduction in accrued liability is directly deducted from the net assets as current year restatement.

In fiscal year 2005, the Company analyzed the receivable from CNMI amounting to \$1,322,270 are lapsed. Prior period revenue related to these receivables was adjusted to deferred liability. These restatements were reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

In addition, based on actual physical count conducted by PSS, it was noted that most of the assets are already obsolete and are scrapped, still have net book value. Thus, PSS changed the life of vehicle and other fixed assets from 8 years to 5 years. This resulted to increase in accumulated depreciation by \$1,040,592.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended September 30, 2006

ı	
46	
7	

Federal Grantor/Program/ Title/Federal CFDA Number	Org. No.	Program or Award Amount FY 06	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/05	Adjustments	Cash Receipts FY 06	Expenditures FY 06	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/06
U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs							
CFDA # 84.922A		\$ 9,833,803					
State Assess Assess. Scoring Ctr.	040SAS4ASC		I W	V>	\$ (153,747)	\$ 153,747	ų.
•	043PVT4B06		(1,016)	1,016	1 3	1	1
ı	043PVT4B11		1 4	1 ((4,811)	4,811	ı
TAP/TS - MCS	043PVT4B13		7,595	(1937)	(211,549)	7.249	ı 1
1	043PVT4B16		1,157	(1,157)	(4,929)	4,929	1
IAP/T5 - SDA	043PVT4B17				(27,499)	27,499	•
1	043PVT4B18		5,138	(5,138)	(1,576)	1,576	I
1	043PVT4B19		248	(248)	(32,599)	35,599	1
	043PVT4B20		211	(211)	•	•	1
1	043PVT4B21		122	(122)	•	1	ı
IAP/T5 - Accreditation Fersonnel	044IAP4ACC		1 701	1 90	ı	1	•
TAP/ID - Class blze Reduction	OFOCACAN		(24,106)	24,106	(1 135)	1 132	• 1
	050SASSACR		8,496	(8,496)	(116)	116	1
State Assess - Advanced Planning Program	050SAS5APP				(2,986)	2,986	1
F	050SAS5BEP		6,647	(6,647)	(1,753)	1,753	
ſ	050SAS5ELL		28	(28)	(531)	531	ı
ı	050SAS5LEA		250	(250)	(5,652)	5,652	•
Assess -	050SAS5SAT		73	(73)	(131,191)	131,191	ı
State Assess - Assess. Scoring Ctr	050SAS5ASC		3,692	(3,692)	(160,534)	160,534	1 1
Assess - neading Assess - Training	OSOSASSTRG		2.730	(2,730)	(2.725)	2,725	ı ı
Assess -	050SASSSBA		17,896	(17,896)	(8,342)	8,342	ı
Assess -	050SAS5DMS		69	(69)	(69,925)	69,925	•
State Assess - Personnel	051SASSSAP		17,591	(165'11)	•	I	ı
	053IAPSADM		10,321	(10,321)	(51,493)	51,493	•
- PUB Sch. PDP,	053IAPSPIR		37,589	(14,564)	(230,620)	230,620	23,025
IAF/IS - FVI SCA: FUF, IMPROVE AND RELOTA INT AME MASSIVE MASSIVE	USSIAPSEVI OF STATES		150,0	(160,031)	(/ET'0C)	767,00	
	OSSIAPSPIRE		43.424	(43,424)	(131,994)	131,994	
ĭ	053PURCMS		3.262	(3.262)	(42.514)	42,514	1
	053PUBDAN		2,405	(2,405)	(32,112)	32,112	•
IAP/T5 -GES	053PUBGES		177	(177)	(66,973)	66,973	1
	053PUBGIC		15,063	(15,063)	(53,531)	53,531	•
	О5ЗРИВНЛН		20	(20)	(37,397)	37,397	r
	053PUBKAG		163	(163)	(44,453)	44,453	1
IAP/T5 -KES	053PUBKES		2				
Balance carried forward			\$ 186,808	\$ (163,783)	\$ (1,593,198)	\$ 1,593,198	\$ 23,025

COHMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS
PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM
(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Federal Grants Fund Year Ended September 30, 2006

		COMMONWEALTH OF FUBL.	COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM (A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)	NA ISLANDS rernment)			
		Schedule of Exp Fed	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Federal Grants Fund Year Ended September 30, 2006	eral Awards 2006			
		Program	Receivable From Grantor				Receivable From Grantor
Federal Grantor/Program/ Title/Federal CFDA Number	Org.	or Award Amount FY 06	(Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/05	Adjustments	Cash Receipts FY 06	Expenditures FY 06	(Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/06
U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs							
CFDA 84.922A							
Balance brought forward			\$ 186,808	\$ (163,783)	\$ (1,593,198)	\$ 1,593,198	\$ 23,025
	053PUBKHS		2,617	(2,617)	(2,651)	2,651	I
IAP/T5 -MRS	053PUBMHS 053PUBOES		910	(910)	(78,832)	16,950	
	053PUBRJH		4,425	(4,425)	(5,473)	5,473	Ĭ
	OSSPUBRHS		7,925	(7,925)	(7,930)	7,930	1
IAP/T5 -SAS IAP/T5 -SES	053PUBSES 053PUBSES		74	(74)	(23,667)	23,663	f I
	053PUBSHS		36	(36)	(35,804)	35,804	I
IAP/T5 -SVS	053PUBSVS		1,508	(1,508)	(48,145)	48,145	1
	053PUBTES		39,00	(38)	(12,289)	12,289	1 1
	053PUBTHS		1,703	(1,703)	(39,815)	39,815	1
IAP/T5 -WSR Tap/T5 -abT	053PUBWSR 053PUBADI		3,811	(3,811)	(43,942)	43,942	1 1
	053PVT5BSM		211	558	(24,870)	24,870	769
	053PVT5CDC		[]	ı	(6,428)	6,428	4
IAP/T5 -EIS	053PVTSEIS		1,747	(1,747)	(63,400)	63,400	Γ.
-	053PVT5GCS		244	(284)	(173,217)	173,217	
	053PVT5GCT		1	(1)	(6,813)	6,813	I
IAP/T5 -GHI TAP/T5 -GMS	053PVT5GHI 053PVT5GMS		1,072	(1,072)	(5,491)	5,491	1 [
	053PVT5JGA) I		(24,758)	24,758	1
	053PVT5NMC		1 5	1,770	(107,150)	107,150	1,770
IAP/TS -NMA	053PVT5NMA		1,795	(T,06Z)	(23,451)	23,451	/34
IAP/IS -SDA	053PVT5SDA		-	2,149	(42,224)	42,224	2,149
IAP/T5 -SFB	053PVT5SFB		•	2,678	(29,012)	29,012	2,678
	053PVT5SIS		1 6	1	(96,849)	96,849	1
IAP/T5 -SJT Tab/ms -cpc	053PVT5SJT		525	(525)	(13,759)	13,759	
	053PVT5WPS		2,187	(2,187)	(1,529)	1,529	1
- Class	054IAP5CSR		168,681	(168,681)	(738,836)	738,836	1
Assess -	060SAS6ACR		•	1 9	(65,947)	65,947	1 6
State Assess - Admin State Desess - Assess Scoring Otr	060SAS6ADM 060SAS6ASC		ı !	172	(25,472)	25,472	172
Assess -	060SAS6DMS		•	65,010	(98,803)	98,803	65,010
ied			\$ 404,006	\$ (308,433)	\$ (3,671,639)	\$ 3,671,639	\$ 95,573

nce brought forward		\$ 186,808	\$ (163,783)	\$ (1,593,198)	\$ 1,593,198	\$ 23,	23,025
TS -KHS	053PUBKHS	2,617	(2,617)	(2,651)	2,651		ı
	053PUBMHS	910	(910)	(78,832)	78,832		ı
T5 -OES	053PUBOES	24	(24)	(16,950)	16,950		ı
P5 -RJH	053PUBRJH	4,425	(4,425)	(5,473)	5,473		i
r5 -RHS	OSSPUBRHS	7,925	(7,925)	(7,930)	7,930		ı
P5 -SAS	053PUBSAS	1	1	(23,667)	23,667		ı
IS -SES	053PUBSES	74	(74)	(25,305)	25,305		ı
75 -SHS	053PUBSHS	36	(36)	(35,804)	35,804		ı
15 -SVS	053PUBSVS	1,508	(1,508)	(48,145)	48,145		ı
IS -IAN	OSSPUBTAN	5,827	(5,827)	(79,578)	79,578		ı
PS -TES	053PUBTES	39	(38)	(12,289)	12,289		ı
rs -rhs	053PUBTHS	1,703	(1,703)	(39,815)	39,815		ı
IS -WSR	053PUBWSR	3,811	(3,811)	(43,942)	43,942		ı
r5 -ADI	053PUBADI	1,643	(1,643)	(3,955)	3,955		ŀ
IS -BSM	053PVT5BSM	211	558	(24,870)	24,870		169
IS -CDC	053PVT5CDC	I	1	(6,428)	6,428		1
rs -Ers	053PVTSEIS	1,747	(1,747)	(63,400)	63,400		ſ
IS -GCR	053PVT5GCR	580	(280)	(11,897)	11,897		ı
T5 -GCS	053PVT5GCS	244	(244)	(173,217)	173,217		ı
rs -ecr	053PVT5GCT		(1)	(6,813)	6,813		ı
r5 -GHI	053PVT5GHI	1,072	(1,072)	(5,491)	5,491		ŀ
TS -GMS	053PVT5GMS	366	(396)	(11,495)	11,495		ı
T5 -JGA	053PVT5JGA	•	ı	(24,758)	24,758		ı
T5 -NMC	053PVT5NMC	1	1,770	(107,150)	107,150	1,	1,770
T5 -NMA	053PVT5NMA	1,796	(1,062)	(23,451)	23,451		734
T5 -SCS	053PVT5SCS	9,118	(9,852)	(23,124)	23,124	_	(734)
TS -SDA	053PVT5SDA	ı	2,149	(42,224)	42,224	2,	2,149
IS -SFB	053PVT5SFB	•	2,678	(29,012)	29,012	2,	2,678
TS -SIS	053PVT5SIS	1	ı	(678,96)	96,849		ı
TS -SUT	053PVT5SJT	525	(525)	(13,759)	13,759		ı
ID -SRS	053PVT5SRS	128	(128)	(32,749)	32,749		1
IS -WPS	053PVT5WPS	2,187	(2,187)	(1,529)	1,529		ı
T5 - Class Size Reduction	054IAP5CSR	168,681	(168,681)	(738,836)	738,836		ı
e Assess - Accreditation	060SAS6ACR	•	1	(65,947)	65,947		ı
e Assess - Admin	060SAS6ADM	1	172	(25,472)	25,472		172
e Assess - Assess. Scoring Ctr	060SAS6ASC	•	•	(26,831)	26,831		ŧ
e Assess - Data Management System	060SAS6DMS	1	65,010	(98,803)	98,803	65,	65,010
nce carried forward		\$ 404,006	\$ (308,433)	\$ (3,671,639)	\$ 3,671,639	\$ 95,	95,573

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Federal Grants Fund Year Ended September 30, 2006 Receivable From Program or Award

(Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/06 Receivable From Grantor Expenditures FY 06 Cash Receipts FY 06 Adjustments Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/05 Amount FY 06 org. Ň Title/Federal CFDA Number Federal Grantor/Program/

U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs

CFDA# 84.922A

Balance brought forward		w	404,006	\$ (30	(308,433) \$	(3,671,639)	ęs.	3,671,639	w	95,573
State Assess - Bil Ed Proficiency	060SAS6BPT		1		1,118	(7,532)		7,532		1,118
State Assess - English Language Learner	060SAS6ELL		1		620	(14,371)		14,371		620
State Assess - SAT10	060SAS6SAT		1		1	(1,748)		1,748		1
State Assess - Standard Based Assess.	060SAS6SBA		١		8,631	(38,850)		38,850		8,631
State Assess - Training	060SAS6TRG		١	-	13,651	(46,935)		46,935		13,651
State Assess - Personnel	060SAS6SAP		١	1	10,392	(339,956)		399,956		10,392
IAP/T5 - Admin.	063IAP6ADM		١		6,526	(91,788)		91,788		6,526
IAP/T5 - PUB Sch. PDP, Improve and Reform	0631AP6PIR		1	24	241,329	(692,121)		692,121		241,329
IAP/T5 - Public School Prof. Dev. Program	063IAP6PDP		1		1,043	(78,771)		78,771		1,043
IAP/T5 - PVT Sch. PDP, Improve and Reform	063IAP6PVT		١		1,141	(186,574)		186,574		1,141
IAP/T5 - Standard and Assessment Projects	063IAP6SAP		1		1	(54,018)		54,018		ı
IAP/T5 - Troops for Teachers	063IAP6TFT		1	1	15,899	(81,871)		81,871		15,899
IAP/T5 - Teacher Training Institutes	063IAP6TTI		1		ı	(180,278)		180,278		I
IAP/T5 - CMS	063PUB6A01		1		7,634	(59,561)		195,65		7,634
IAP/T5 - DAN	063PUB6A02		1		8,548	(88,339)		98,339		8,548
IAP/T5 - GES	063PUB6A03		1		2,174	(145,708)		145,708		2,174
IAP/T5 - GTC	063PUB6A04		1	Т	14,133	(22,857)		22,857		14,133
IAP/T5 - HJH	063PUB6A05		ì	ις	52,322	(176,431)		176,431		52,322
IAP/T5 - KAG	063PUB6A06		1	Н	16,991	(25,308)		25,308		16,991
IAP/T5 - KES	063PUB6A07		1		3,396	(102,425)		102,425		3,396
IAP/T5 - KHS	063PUB6A08		1	4	44,176	(44,176)		44,176		44,176
IAP/T5 - MHS	063PUB6A09		1	S	51,925	(136,553)		136,553		51,925
IAP/T5 - OES	063PUB6A10		1	1	17,493	(76,554)		76,554		17,493
IAP/T5 - RJH	063PUB6A11		1	Т	16,990	(16,990)		16,990		16,990
IAP/T5 - RHS	063PUB6A12		1	Т	16,991	(17,395)		17,395		16,991
IAP/T5 - SAS	063PUB6A13		1		7,464	(17,957)		17,957		7,464
IAP/T5 - SES	063PUB6A14		1		6,362	(31,248)		31,248		6,362
IAP/T5 - SHS	063PUB6A15		1		558	(200,469)		200,469		558
IAP/T5 - SVS	063PUB6A16		1		4,138	(56,081)		56,081		4,138
IAP/T5 - TAN	063PUB6A17		1		3,967	(65,615)		65,615		3,967
IAP/T5 - TES	063PUB6A18		1		7,889	(8,205)		8,205		7,889
IAP/T5 - THS	063PUB6A19		•	Т	5,102	(16,320)		16,320		15,102
IAP/T5 - WSR	063PUB6A20		1		8,901	(22,77)		27,966		8,901
IAP/T5 - EIS	063PVT6B04		1		2,700	(4,620)		4,620		2,700
IAP/T5 - GCR	063PVT6B05		ı		2,659	(30,792)		30,792		2,659
IAP/T5 - GCS	063PVT6B06		1		413	(80,663)		80,663		413
IAP/T5 - GCT	063PVT6B07	-			1	(42,445)		42,445		
Balance carried forward		s.	404,006	\$ 30	304,843 \$	(7,101,130)	ŧs.	7,101,130	₩.	708,849

ı	
7	

Federal Grantor/Program/ Title/Federal CFDA Number U.S. Department of Education	Org.	Program or Award Amount FY 06	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/05	able n or red) at	Adjustments	l lts	Cash Receipts FY 06	Exp	Expenditures FY 06	Rec Gr (De Reve 09	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/06
CFDA† 84.922A Balance brought forward IAP/T5 - GHI IAP/T5 - GWS IAP/T5 - NMA IAP/T5 - SCS IAP/T5 - GUSS IAP/T5 - GUSS IAP/T5 - GUSS	063PVT6B08 063PVT6B09 063PVT6B13 063PVT6B15 063PVT6B16		%	404,006	\$ 304,843 	04,843 \$ - - 1,898 1,804 52,396	(7,101,130) (20,790) (3,696) (3,098) (90,369) (34,627) (9,103) (1,807,823)	v.	7,101,130 20,790 3,696 3,098 90,369 34,627 9,103	v	708,849 - - 1,898 1,804 52,396
Subtotal CFDA# 84.922A CFDA# 84.215U		l vr-	\$	404,006	\$ 360,941	941 \$	(9,070,636)	w	9,070,636	w	764,947
Christa McAulife Grant Christa McAulife Grant	0045CS 0045HS 0045MA 0045MR 0045RA 0045RG		w	(578) (205) (961) (95) (1,818) (118) (118) (118)	ø,		+ + 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	φ.		vs.	(578) (205) (961) (52) (1,818) (118) (105)
Subtotal CFDA# 84.215U CFDA# 84.256A		\$ 352,623	w.	(3,848)	v	ωl 		ν.	t 	v.	(3,848)
Reading Master Kit (TFAS) Reading Master Kit (TFAS) Reading Master Kit (TFAS) Subtotal CFDA# 84.256A	0498RK4RMK 0698BK6RMK 0698RK6RMR		w w	92,755 - 1,643 94,398	\$ (90	(92,755) \$ 2,729 (90,026) \$	(15,161) (260,081) (275,242)	w w	15,161 260,081 275,242	w w	4,372

COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS
PUBLIC SCHOOL SISTEM
(A Component Unit of the CNNI Government)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Federal Grants Fund Year Ended September 30, 2006

		Schedule of Ex Fee Year Enc	le of Expenditures of Federal Awards Federal Grants Fund Year Ended September 30, 2006	ral Awards 2006			
Federal Grantor/Program/ Title/Federal CFDA Number U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs	Org.	Program or Award Amount FY 06	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/05	Adjustments	Cash Receipts FY 06	Expenditures FY 06	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/06
CFDA# 84.364A		\$ 312,111					
Library Reading First	0697LR5LRF		8	ν ₁	\$ (12,139)	\$ 12,139	1 h
Subtotal CFDA# 84.364A			1 w	1 	\$ (12,139)	\$ 12,139	ν ₋
CFDA# 84.027		\$ 4,654,011					
SPED Handicapped Children SEA SPED - Admin SPED Handicapped Children LEA SPED Handicapped Children SEA SPED - Admin SPED Handicapped Children LEA	05838E58PE 0584AD58PE 0585LE58PE 06838E68PE 0684AD68PE 0685LE68PE		\$ 41,521 7,198 180,089	\$ (41,521) (7,198) (180,089) 115,185 6,131	\$ (187,992) (99,302) (224,992) (935,785) (96,383) (3,126,870)	\$ 187,992 99,302 224,992 935,785 96,383 3,126,870	\$ - 115,185 6,131 113,481
Subtotal CFDA# 84.027			\$ 228,808	\$ 5,989	\$ (4,671,324)	\$ 4,671,324	\$ 234,797
		\$ 131,220					
SPED - State Improvement Grant	0586SI6SPE		i i				
Subtotal CFDA# 84.323A			V3-	\$ (1)	\$ (37,454)	\$ 37,454	\$ (1)
CFDA* 84.048B		\$ 358,628	m	·			
PREL Voced	68146		8	i v	۲ د	8	۱ س
Subtotal CFDA# 84.323A			1	1 W-	\$	\$	φ.
CFDA# 84.181		\$ 459,112	2				
SPED Infant & Toddlers SPED Infant & Toddlers	0588IF5SPE 0688IF6SPE		\$ 18,488	\$ (18,488) 20,807	\$ (46,383)	\$ 46,383	20,807
Subtotal CFDA# 84.181			\$ 18,488	\$ 2,319	\$ (431,974)	\$ 431,974	\$ 20,807

COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS
PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM
(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Federal Grants Fund Year Ended September 30, 2006	Receivable Prom From Prom From Grantor Cash Cash Cheferred Cash Cheferred Cash Cheferred Cheferred Cheferred Cash Cheferred Ch	U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs CFDA* 84.000	Comparability NCES 2989 \$ (9,673) \$ 9,673 \$ 9,673 \$ Common Core - Data 0165 (8,939) 4,386 4,386 4,553 Data Improvement - NCES 0089 (859) 859 859 Common Core - Data 0265CCD2 (28,000) - - - Common Core - Data 0365CC3CD - - - (21,000) Comparability NCES 0289NCE2 (16,821) 2,155 (14,666)	al CFDA# 84.000	### ## ###############################	Subtotal CFDA# 84.185 \$ = \$ 39,000 \$ =================================	Total U.S. Department of Education \$ 16,161,508 \$ 656,560 \$ 296,295 \$ (14,554,842) \$ 14,554,842 \$ 952,855 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Direct Programs	CEDA* 93.600 \$ 1,734,926	Headstart Construction
--	--	---	---	-----------------	--	---	--	---------------------------	------------------------

COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS
PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM
(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

		COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM (A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)	OF THE NORTHERN MAR. PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM AT Unit of the CNMI G	RIANA ISL M Governmen	ANDS (t)						
		Schedule of Expen Feder Year Ended	Expenditures of Federal Awards Federal Grants Fund Ended September 30, 2006	deral Awa 1 , 2006	rds						
Federal Grantor/Program/ Title/Federal CPDA Number	Org.	Program or Award Amount FY 06	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at		Adjustments	Re 1	Cash Receipts FY 06	Expenditures FY 06	itures 06	Recei Fr Grav (Defe	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/06
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				 							
CFDA \$ 93.600											
Balance brought forward Headstart Employees Mileage Headstart Training	0772MI7HDS 0772TR7HDS		505,26	s	53,401	w	(2,150,770) (75) (1,785)	\$ 2,	2,150,770 75 1,785	s,	148,910
Subtotal CFDA# 93.600			\$ 95,509	ه. ها	53,476	s	(2,152,630)	\$ 2,	2,152,630	w	148,985
CFDA# 93.575		\$ 1,700,190									
	400				424.	•	(111)	•	75 00	ē.	
Child Care Administration Child Care Certificates	0590ADSCCF		1,269	^	(3,431)	ō.	(36,377)	o-	266.131	÷	ı ı
Care	05920A5CCP		3,106	. 40	(3,106)		(19,796)		19,796		ŧ
Care	0593RR5CCP			1	(1)		(8,266)		8,266		t
Care	0595IF5CCP				ı		(56,456)		7 985		ι Ι
Child Care Quality Expansion Child Care administration	0596QESCCP				- 654		(76 134)		76.134		2.654
Care	0691CC6CCP				3,132		(888,723)		888,723		3,132
Care	0692QA6CCP			1	(894)		(62,527)		62,527		(894)
Care	0695IF6CCP			ı	4,689		(34,265)		34,265		4,689
Child Care Yuairty Expansion Child Care Technical Assistance	0589TA5CCB		(10,000)	. A	3,875		(3,875)		3,875		(6,125)
Subtotal CFDA# 93.575			\$ (2,193)	3) \$	6,543	w	(1,591,619)	\$ 1,	1,591,619	v-i	4,350
<u>CFDA∯ 93.938</u>		\$ 126,825									
Aids-HIV Aids-HIV	0581HI4HIV 0581HI4HIV		\$ 3,027	\$ -	(3,027)	vs	(7,746)	w	7,746 114,174	v	1,383
Subtotal CFDA# 93.938			\$ 3,027	2	(1,644)	ঞ	(121,920)	w	121,920	s.	1,383
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$ 3,561,941	\$ 96,343	8	58,375	v.	(3,866,169)	\$ 3,	3,866,169	so-	154,718

		Year Ended	Year Ended September 30, 2006	900			
Federal Grantor/Program/ Title/Federal CFDA Number U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct Programs	Org.	Program or Award Amount FY 06	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/05	Adjustments	Cash Receipts FY 06	Expenditures FY 06	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred Revenue) at 09/30/06
CFDA #10.555		\$ 6,149,995					
USDA TEFAP	0175		\$ (2,045)	I W	l ₩-	¢\$	\$ (2,045)
FNS TEFAP	0577FSSTFP		1	•	(31,135)	_	r
FNS Breakfast Lunch & Snacks Program	0577BLSFNS		49,008	(49,008)	(1,234,449	1,23	ı
FNS State Admin. Expense	0578AD5FNS		4,425	(4,425)	067,49	5,490	()
FNS Macrician Education FNS San Vicente Cafetorium	0580CASENS		10041	(10011)	1693.954	693,954	
FNS Equip. & Facility Improvement	0580EF5FNS		8,104	(8,104)	(200,052	200,052	
FNS TEFAP	0677AD6TFP		r		(32,299	32,299	1
FNS Breakfast Lunch & Snacks Program	0677BL6FNS		1	35,517	(5,445,014)	5,4	35,517
FNS State Admin. Expense	0678AD6FNS		I	8,540	(112,561)	112,561	8,540
FNS Nutrition Education	0679NE6FNS		1	1	(102,306	_	1
FNS Equip. & Facility Improvement	0680EF6FNS			884	(100,227	100,227	884
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$ 6,149,995	\$ 61,129	\$ (18,233)	\$ (7,966,535)	\$ 7,966,535	\$ 42,896
U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Programs							
CFDB_ \$20.509		\$ 948,974					
Pederal Transit Bus Federal Transit Bus	0570BU5BUS 0570BU5FTA		\$ 44,565	\$ (44,565)	\$ (528,785)	528,785	1 1
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		\$ 948,974	\$ 313,274	\$ (313,274)	\$ (528,785)	\$ 528,785	1

COMMONWEALTH OF THE WORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS
PUBLIC SCHOOL SISTEM
(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Federal Grants Fund

	Schedule of Exper Feder Year Endec	Expenditures of Federal Awards Federal Grants Fund Ended September 30, 2006	eral Awards 2006			
nersond/sceneral (ershell	Program or Award	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred		Cash	9 e no o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	Receivable From Grantor (Deferred
	FY 06	09/30/02	Adjustments	FY 06	Expendicates	09/30/06
Direct Programs						
CFDa# 94.006a	\$ 550,000					
Americorps - Admin. 0499AD4AMC Americorps Americorps - Admin. 0676AD6AMC Americorps - Program Operating Costs 0499AM4AMC		\$ 275	\$ (275) (10,893) 924 6,881	\$ (706) (1,088) (924) (6,881)	\$ 706 1,088 924 6,881	924
Total Other Programs	\$ 550,000	\$ 11,168	\$ (3,363)	(665,9)	665'6	\$ 7,805
Total Federal Grants Fund - Receivable balance	\$ 27,372,418	\$ 1,138,474	\$ 19,800	\$ (26,925,930)	\$ 26,925,930	\$ 1,158,274
Department of Interior Pass_Through the CRMI Government						
CFDA* 15.875						
Compact Impact Grant - School Renovation 0675D161MA	2,000,000	40	\$ (1,858,637)	\$ (141,363)	\$ 141,363	\$ (1,858,637)
Total Other Programs	\$ 2,000,000	l w	\$ (1,858,637)	\$ (141,363)	\$ 141,363	\$ (1,858,637)
Total Federal Grants Fund - Deferred Revenue balance	\$ 2,000,000	U.	\$ (1,858,637)	\$ (141,363)	\$ 141,363	\$ (1,858,637)
Total Federal Grants Fund	\$ 29,372,418	\$ 1,138,474	\$ (1,838,837)	\$ (27,067,293)	\$ 27,067,293	\$ (700,363)

COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS
PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM
(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended September 30, 2006

(1) Scope of Review

The Public School System (PSS) was established as a public non-profit corporation by the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI) Public Law 6-10, effective October 25, 1988 and began operations on October 1, 1988. All significant operations of PSS are included in the scope of the OMB Circular A-133 audit (the "Single Audit"). The U.S. Department of the Interior's Office of the Inspector General has been designated as PSS' cognizant agency for the Single Audit.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Basis of Accounting

For purposes of this report, certain accounting procedures were followed which help illustrate the authorizations and expenditures of the individual programs. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. All authorizations represent the total allotments or grant awards received. All expenses and capital outlays are reported as expenditures.

Any Federal funds expended in excess of Federal funds received are recorded as a receivable from the grantor agency and any Federal funds received in excess of Federal funds expended are recorded as a payable to the grantor agency.

b. Indirect Cost Allocation

PSS negotiated an indirect cost plan with the U.S. Department of the Education for fiscal year 2005. It is applicable to all Federal grant programs under the U.S. Department of Education and was 7.2% of total direct cost less items of equipment, alterations and renovations, flow-through funds and that portion of each sub award in excess of \$25,000 for the year ended September 30, 2006.

PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

Year Ended September 30, 2006

PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR
PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH
OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Year Ended September 30, 2006

J. Scott Magliari

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

SAIPAN OFFICE:

Family Building, Suite 201 PMB 297 Box 10000 Saipan, MP 96950 Tel. No. (670) 233-1837/0456 Fax. No. (670) 233-8214 Ernail: magliari@pticom.com

GUAM OFFICE:

Reflection Center, Suite 204 P.O. Box 12734 Tamuning, GU 96931 Tel. No. (671) 472-2686 Fax. No. (671) 472-2686 Email: jsmguam@ite.net PALAU OFFICE:
PIDC Apartment No. 11
P.O. Box 1266
Koror, PW 96940
Tel. No. (680) 488-8615
Fax. No. (680) 488-8616
Email: coconutrum@palaunet.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
With Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Education Public School System

I have audited the financial statements of the Public School System (PSS), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2006 and have issued my report thereon dated April 30, 2007. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered PSS' internal control over financial reporting in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, I noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that I consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to my attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that in my judgment, could adversely affect PSS' ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding Nos. 06-1 to 06-04.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, I believe that none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether PSS' financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding Nos. 06-1 to 06-04.

I also noted certain additional matters that I reported to management of PSS in a separate letter dated April 30, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of PSS, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, the cognizant audit and other federal agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Saipan, Commonwealth of the Northern Marriana Islands

April 30, 2007

J. Scott Magliari COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

SAIPAN OFFICE:

Family Building, Suite 201 PMB 297 Box 10000 Saipan, MP 96950 Tel. No. (670) 233-1837/0456 Fax. No. (670) 233-8214 Email: magliari@pticom.com **GUAM OFFICE:**

Reflection Center, Suite 204 P.O. Box 12734 Tamuning, GU 96931 Tel. No. (671) 472-2686 Fax. No. (671) 472-2686 Email: jsmguam@ite.net PALAU OFFICE:
PIDC Apartment No. 11
P.O. Box 1266
Koror, PW 96940
Tel. No. (680) 488-8615
Fax. No. (680) 488-8616
Email: coconutrum@palaunet.com

Independent Auditor's Report on
Compliance with Requirements Applicable to
Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and on
the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

The Board of Education Public School System

Compliance

I have audited the compliance of the Public School System (PSS) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2006. The PSS' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of PSS's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on PSS compliance based on my audit.

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about PSS' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion. My audit does not provide a legal determination on PSS' compliance with those requirements.

As described in Schedule of Findings, item numbers 06-5 through 06-7 in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, PSS did not comply with requirements regarding eligibility and special test and provisions that are applicable to its Nutrition Assistance Grant and requirements regarding eligibility applicable to its Child Care and Development Block Grant. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in my opinion, for PSS to comply with the requirements applicable to these programs.

In my opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, PSS complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2006.

Internal Control over Compliance

The management of PSS is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing my audit, I considered PSS' internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

I noted certain matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that I consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to my attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over compliance that, in my judgment, could adversely affect PSS' ability to administer a major federal program in accordance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in Finding No. 06-5, 06-6 and 06-7.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. My consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, I believe that none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregating fund information of the Public School System (PSS), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2006, and have issued my report thereon dated April 30, 2007. My audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise PSS' basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (pages 46 through 54) is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, except as described in the aforementioned report, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of PSS, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities and the cognizant audit and other federal agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Saipan, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

April 30, 2007

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>		
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
 Reportable condition(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? 	X_yes	no
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
 Reportable condition(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? 	X_yes	no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:		
Qualified on 10.555 Nutrition Assistance Grant and 93.575 Child Care and Development Block Grant		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	<u>X</u> yes	no

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS, Continued

Federal Awards

Identification of major programs:

CFDA <u>Number</u>	Description	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
84.922A	Consolidated Grant to Insular Areas	\$ 9,070,636
10.555	Nutrition Assistance Grant	7,966,535
84.027	Special Education Program	4,671,324
93.600	Head Start Program	2,152,630
93.575	Child Care and Development Block Grant	1,591,619
	Total Federal Expenditures-Major Programs Percentage of total awards tested	\$ 25,452,744 <u>94</u> %
	areshold used to distinguish between ad Type B programs: 3% of the total	<u>\$ 812,019</u> Lawards expended
Auditee q	qualified as low-risk auditee	X yesno

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Deposit Policy for Credit and Custodial Risk

Finding No. 06-1

<u>Criteria</u>

PSS adopted budgets on local funds and they must ensure that unused funds already remitted to PSS are safeguarded from risk. Among this risk is credit risk for uninsured portion of deposits in banks.

Condition

As of September 30, 2006 and 2005, the total amounts deposited with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured banks were \$4,727,350 and \$4,511,540, respectively. From these deposits, \$200,000 in 2006 and 2005 were subject to coverage by FDIC with the remaining balance exceeding insurable limits. PSS does not require collateralization of bank accounts, and therefore, amounts in excess of insurable limits are uncollateralized.

Context

Audit procedures performed for Cash in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Effect

Lack of collateral for deposits beyond FDIC insured limits exposes bank deposits to credit risk. The risk that PSS may not collect all of its deposits.

<u>Cause</u>

PSS has not experienced any losses on its deposits, thus have not established policies regarding requiring collateral for uninsured deposits.

Recommendation

PSS should develop deposit policies which includes requiring collateral from banks for deposits beyond FDIC insured limits.

Auditee Response and Corrective Action Plan

The Acting Director of Finance is communicating with financial institutions to provide collateral for PSS' bank balances. If the financial institution will not provide collateral to cover PSS bank balances, PSS leadership and management will discuss to the Board the options to transfer its bank accounts to financial institutions that are willing to collateralize its deposits in excess of FDIC insured limits.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Travel Advances

Finding No. 06-2

Criteria

Pursuant to PSS Regulation 3430, section C (8), within CNMI travel requests shall be submitted to the Commissioner no later than 5 working days prior to the travel date. Out of CNMI travel requests shall be submitted to the Commissioner or the Chairperson of the Board of Education, as appropriate, no later than 10 working days prior to commencement of travel, except for extenuating circumstances.

Condition

I noted the following during my audit:

- a. Two (2) or 10% of the twenty (20) travel authorization tested were not submitted within the prescribed period.
- b. For three (3) or 15% of the twenty (20) travel authorization tested, documents such as justification memorandum for the travel; documents of invitation and or agenda; specific purpose; itinerary; and estimated cost were not attached to Travel Authorization.

Context

Based on the risk assessment made and the planning materiality computed, test of internal control was performed over travel advances. Attributes were identified based on the approved travel policies of PSS. Non-statistically selected 20 individuals who traveled during the year and examined the supporting documents in accordance with the policies of PSS.

Effect

Failure to make a strict implementation of the travel policies results to unauthorized travels, disallowed costs, significant bad debts and non-compliance with the applicable state laws and federal regulations.

Cause

PSS did not adhere to its travel policies and procedures.

Recommendation

Travel authorization and other accountable documents should be properly filled out to facilitate processing.

Although PSS' policy provide that extenuating or justifying circumstances may waive the 5-10 working days lead-time for submission of travel advances, our audit showed that PSS does not document the justification for waiving the lead-time. To ensure that this prerogative of the Commissioner to waive the lead-time is not abused or misused, extenuating circumstances should be documented and attached to the approved travel authorization.

Prior Year Status

The above condition was cited as a finding in the Single Audit of fiscal year 2005.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Travel Advances, Continued

Finding No. 06-2, Continued

Auditee Response and Corrective Action Plan

The Commissioner will issue a memorandum to reiterate that all travelers must comply with PSS travel policies. In the event that the 5-10 working days lead-time for submission of travel advances cannot be complied with because of a reasonable justification, such justification should be documented and attached to the travel request to be approved by the Commissioner or the Chairperson of the Board of Education.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Travel Advances, Continued

Finding No. 06-3

Criteria

Pursuant to PSS Regulation 3420, section C (10), travel advances shall not be issued if there is an outstanding voucher or if an outstanding expense by the traveler has not been verified. Exceptions to this rule may be made at the discretion of the Commissioner or the Chairperson of the Board, as appropriate.

Condition

Seven or 35% of the twenty (20) travel authorizations, travel advances were issued to travelers with unliquidated travel advances.

Context

Based on the risk assessment made and the planning materiality computed, test of internal control was performed for travel advances. Attributes were identified based on the approved travel policies of PSS. Non-statistically selected 20 individuals who traveled during the year and examined the supporting documents in accordance with the policies of PSS.

Effect

Failure to make a strict implementation of the travel policies results to significant bad debts and high outstanding advances balance.

Cause

PSS did not adhere to its established policies and procedures on travel.

Recommendation

PSS should enforce Regulation 3430, Section G (9) that is to deduct from salaries, honorarium or next travel advance, as applicable, any unliquidated travel advances.

There should also be monitoring to ensure that the Commissioner is made aware of any outstanding travel advance before the new travel advance is approved, because Commissioner's signature on the travel advance means that the Commissioner is exempting the traveler from the provision of Regulation 3430, section G (9) by exercising the Commissioner's discretion as allowed by section C (10).

Prior Year Status

The above condition was cited as a finding in the Single Audit of fiscal year 2005.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Travel Advances, Continued

Finding No. 06-3, Continued

Auditee Response and Corrective Action Plan

The Commissioner will issue a memorandum to reiterate that all travelers must comply with PSS travel policies. In no instance will a traveler with outstanding travel advance be allowed to receive new travel advance.

Furthermore, the Travel Accountant, under the fiscal and budget department, effective fiscal year 2007 is regularly preparing statement of accounts sent to travelers with outstanding travel advances and are requiring signed allotment authorization from traveler with outstanding balances.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Travel Advances, Continued

Finding No. 06-4

Criteria

Pursuant to PSS Regulation 3420, section G (1), travelers must file a travel voucher with supporting documentation within fifteen (15) working days upon completion of travel. Travelers who fail to meet this deadline will forfeit the remaining ten percent of the cost of travel. Travelers who fail to submit travel vouchers and supporting documentation will be subject to payroll deduction of the entire amount of the advance.

Condition

I noted the following during my audit:

- a. For six (6) or 30% of twenty (20), travel authorizations tested, the travel advance liquidations are either not yet liquidated or were not on file.
- b. Four (4) out of the fifteen (15) who submitted do not have complete supporting documents.

Context

Based on the risk assessment made and the planning materiality computed, test of internal control was performed over travel advances. Attributes were identified based on the approved travel policies of PSS. Randomly selected 20 individuals who traveled during the year and examined the supporting documents in accordance with the policies of PSS.

Effect

Failure to make a strict implementation of the travel policies results in high outstanding advances balance and potential bad debts.

<u>Cause</u>

PSS did not adhere to its established policies and procedures on travel.

Recommendation

PSS should enforce timely liquidation of travel advances. Upon travel, PSS uses local funding to provide travel advances and they can only charge corresponding federal grants upon liquidation. Although the amount of outstanding travel advances to be billed to federal grants was not quantified PSS cannot afford to tie-up local funds in receivables.

Prior Year Status

The above condition was cited as a finding in the Single Audit of fiscal year 2005.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Travel Advances, Continued

Finding No. 06-4, Continued

<u>Auditee Response and Corrective Action Plan</u>
The Commissioner will issue a memorandum to reiterate that all travelers must comply with PSS's travel policies.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Eligibility - Food and Nutrition Services

Finding No. 06-5

CFDA No. Findings/Noncompliance

Questioned <u>Costs</u>

\$

10.555

Criteria

A-133 Compliance Supplement for CFDA 10.555 states that "Children from households with incomes at or below 130 percent of the Federal poverty level are eligible to receive meals or milk free under the School Nutrition Programs. Children from households with incomes above 130 percent but at or below 185 percent of the Federal poverty level are eligible to receive reduced price meals".

PSS policies require that two pay stub be attached to the application to provide basis for eligibility.

Condition

For ten (10) or 22% of the 45 samples selected, only two pay stub of one parent were attached to the application form. PSS has no established procedure to determine that the other parent or any other member of the household does not receive any income.

Context

Based on auditor's judgment, randomly selected 45 samples for the conduct of audit procedures for eligibility requirements.

Effect

Household income used in determining the eligibility maybe understated since no verification is done to determine that the other parent is unemployed or does not receive any income. This could result to non-eligible children receiving benefits of free or reduced priced meals.

<u>Cause</u>

Management oversight and enforcement was not strict enough to properly implement the stated policy.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Eligibility - Food and Nutrition Services, Continued

Finding No. 06-5, Continued

CFDA No. Findings/Noncompliance

Questioned Costs

10.555

Recommendation

PSS should strictly enforce its approved policies and procedures and federal regulations. Potentials for abuse or misuse of federal fund should be avoided by implementing additional controls to ensure that applicant may not fraudulently exclude income received by other members of the household.

PSS could consider requiring notarized documentation that the other parent does not receive any income.

Auditee Response and Corrective Action Plan
Effective for fiscal year 2008, food and
nutrition program will require documentations
supporting applicant claims that the other spouse
is unemployed.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Eligibility and Special Tests and Provisions - Food and Nutrition Services

Finding No. 06-6

CFDA No. Findings/Noncompliance

Questioned Costs

\$

10.555

Criteria

Annual eligibility determinations may also be based on the child's household receiving benefits under the Food Stamp Program, Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR), the Head Start Program (CFDA 93.600) (42 USC 1758(b)(6)(A)), or, under most circumstances, the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program (CFDA 93.558) (42 USC 1758(b)). A household may furnish documentation of its participation in one of these programs; or the school, institution, or sponsor may obtain the information directly from the State or local agency that administers these programs (7 CFR section 245.6(b)).

Furthermore, A-133 Compliance Supplement for CFDA 10.555 states under special test and provision that by December 15th of each school year, the State Food Authority (SFA) must verify the current free and reduced price eligibility of households selected from a sample of applications that it has approved for free and reduced price meals, unless the SFA is otherwise exempt from the verification requirement.

Condition

- a. Twenty six (26) or 58% of the 45 samples selected were approved based on Food Stamp Program,
- b. For fifteen (15) or 58% of the twenty six (26) children approved based on Food Stamp Program, no copy of current food stamp identification card was on file;

Also, as evident by the un-updated food stamp ID on file, it is determined that sampling and verification of free and reduced price applications were not performed, as required.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Eligibility - Food and Nutrition Services, Continued

Finding No. 06-6

CFDA No. Findings/Noncompliance

Questioned ___Costs

10.555

Context

Based on auditor's judgment, randomly selected 45 samples for the conduct of audit procedures for eligibility requirements.

Effect

Noncompliance to the eligibility requirements could result to non-eligible children receiving benefits of free or reduced priced meals.

Cause

Management oversight and enforcement was not strict enough to properly implement the stated policy.

Recommendation

PSS should strictly enforce its approved policies and procedures and federal regulations. PSS should require applicants to provide updated ID when they become available or PSS may consider requesting updated information directly from the CNMI administrator of the food stamp program.

Also, PSS should ensure that the special provision tests and provision requirement for the sampling and verification of free and reduced price applications were performed by December 15th of each school year.

Auditee Response and Corrective Action Plan
In corroboration with the food and nutrition
eligibility officer coordinated with the
Foodstamp Program Administration of the CNMI
requesting for regular updated listing of
individuals availing of the food stamp benefits.
The Foodstamp Program Administration to provide
PSS with the updated listing beginning FY 2008.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

<u> Eliqibility - Childcare</u>

Finding No. 06-7

CFDA No. Findings/Noncompliance

Questioned ___Costs

\$

93.575

Criteria:

Child Care and Development Fund Plan provides for a sliding fee scale for child care services, which determines each family's contribution to the cost of child care.

Condition:

For 1 or 4% of 25 samples tested, the certification shows 15% co-pay, while actual co-pay per PSS disbursement summary is only 10%.

Context

Based on auditor's judgment, randomly selected 25 samples for the conduct of audit procedures for eligibility requirements.

Effect

PSS share for payment of child care services exceed the amount that should have been paid based on the sliding fee scale.

<u>Cause</u>

The percentage of co-payment in the payment schedule was not timely updated based on actual certification.

Recommendation

PSS should ensure that the co-payment percentages in the payment schedule and certifications are timely updated.

Auditee Response and Corrective Action Plan
Pursuant to Childcare administrative guidelines,
PSS with recoup the payments made in excess of
the computed PSS share.

Furthermore, the listing of PSS and co-payment will be reviewed every six months to ensure that any changes in co-payment or eligibility as a result of the eligibility review every six month are properly reflected in the listing.

Total Questioned Costs

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Summary Schedule of Unresolved Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION IV - SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

2005 Audit Findings

Finding No. 05-1

Condition: As of September 30, 2005 and 2004, the total amounts deposited with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured banks were \$4,511,540 and \$2,914,758, respectively. From these deposits, \$ 727,467 in 2005 and \$522,562 in 2004 were subject to coverage by FDIC with the remaining balance exceeding insurable limits. PSS does not require collateralization of bank accounts, and therefore, amounts in excess of insurable limits are uncollateralized.

Corrective Action: PSS acting Finance Director is currently coordinating with the banks to acquire collateralization for its unsecured deposits.

Status: Unresolved. Similar conditions were noted in FY 2006 audit.

Finding No. 05-2

Condition: I noted the following non-compliance to PSS procurement regulation (PSSPR):

- a. Two purchase requisitions issued for similar printing service to a single service provider amounting to \$4,600 and \$9,188 is in violation PSSPR 2-105 that address splitting contracts to avoid bidding.
- b. Accreditation service provided to PSS for \$22,607 without approved contract. Although the provider is a sole-source provider, a contract should be executed before actual service is provided.

Corrective Action: For both instances, PSS has issued memorandum to concerned employees regarding violation of PSSPR. These memorandum states that consequence for repeat unauthorized procurements includes being held personally liable for the value of the purchase, suspension from work with or without pay, or dismissal from employment. Furthermore, PSS acting procurement and supply officer issued a memorandum dated December 12, 2006 to all principals, and program managers and directors that PSS procurement will no longer process purchase requisitions in violation of the PSSPR.

Status: Resolved. No similar condition was noted in FY 2006 audit.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Summary Schedule of Unresolved Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION IV - SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS, Continued

2005 Audit Findings, Continued

Finding No. 05-3

Condition: I noted the following during my audit:

- a. Three (3) or 15% of the twenty (20) travel authorization tested were not dated.
- b. Five (5) or 20% of the twenty (20) travel authorization tested were not submitted within the prescribed period.

Corrective Action: The Commissioner of Education issued a memorandum dated December 4, 2006 regarding travel policies and procedures and referred to previously issued memorandum to all principals, program manager, supervisor and staff, dated October 20, 2004, regarding processing of travel authorization.

Status: Unresolved. Similar conditions were noted in FY 2006 audit.

Finding No. 05-4

Condition: Twelve or 60% of the twenty (20) travel authorizations, travel advance were issued to travelers with unliquidated travel advance.

Corrective Action: PSS Fiscal and Budget is implementing effective FY 2007 stringent collection efforts on all outstanding travel advances and does not issue new travel advance to any traveler with outstanding travel unless an allotment authorization is signed or an approval is obtained from the Commissioner or the Chairman of the Board of Education, as applicable.

Status: Unresolved. Similar conditions were noted in FY 2006 audit.

Finding No. 05-5

Condition: I noted the following during my audit:

- a. For ten (10) or 50% of twenty (20), travel authorizations tested, the travel advance liquidations are either not yet liquidated or were not on file.
- b. 2 out of the 10 who submitted do not have complete supporting documents and 1 submitted after 15 working days upon completion of the travel.

Corrective Action: The Commissioner of Education issued a memorandum dated December 4, 2006 regarding travel policies and procedures and referred to previously issued memorandum to all principals, program manager, supervisor and staff, dated October 20, 2004, regarding processing of travel authorization.

Status: Unresolved. Similar conditions were noted in FY 2006 audit.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Summary Schedule of Unresolved Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION IV - SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS, Continued

2005 Audit Findings, Continued

Finding No. 05-6

Condition: No controls were in place to ensure that cafeteria collections were remitted to PSS central treasurer on time.

Corrective Action: Effective April 1, 2006, the PSS Treasurer implemented monitoring controls, the cafeteria collections log per school, to monitor the remittances from school cafeteria and ensure that cafeteria collections are remitted to PSS treasurer on a timely manner.

Status: Resolved.

Finding No. 05-7

Condition: I noted that the physical count of capital assets acquired before fiscal year 2005 resulted to the following variance to capital assets ledger.

	Per Books	Per Count	Difference
Vehicle Acquisition costs Accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,515,292 (<u>3,062,204</u>)	\$ 2,379,889 (<u>1,926,801</u>)	\$ 1,135,403 (<u>1,135,403</u>)
Net Book Value	453,088	453,088	
Others			
Acquisition costs	1,650,378	1,032,318	618,060
Accumulated depreciation	(<u>1,376,959</u>)	(<u>758,899</u>)	(618,060)
Net Book Value	273,419	273,419	
Total	<u>\$ 726,507</u>	\$ 726,507	<u>\$</u> _

I further noted that although most of these disposed assets were surveyed and recommended for scrapping, there were no certifications that the said surveyed items have been destroyed, and the tags of these disposed assets were not properly accounted for. The aforementioned requirements are part of PSS' procedure of survey and disposal of PSS properties as per policy 5410.

Corrective Action: The Controller from fiscal and budget section and property custodian from the procurement and supply section reconciled the capital assets listing against the general ledgers. Furthermore, PSS conducted physical count of all capital assets including controlled assets last September 30, 2006.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Summary Schedule of Unresolved Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION IV - SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS, Continued

2005 Audit Findings, Continued

Finding No. 05-8

Condition: I noted that five (5) assets acquired in fiscal year 2005 were not included in the fixed asset listing from fixed assets custodian. Since such acquisitions were not included in the fixed assets listing, it is probable that such were neither tagged nor assigned property numbers.

Corrective Action: The Controller from fiscal and budget section and property custodian from the procurement and supply section reconciled the capital assets listing against the general ledgers. Furthermore, PSS conducted physical count of all capital assets including controlled assets last September 30, 2006.

Status: Resolved.

Finding No. 05-9

Condition: I noted following during my audit:

- a. For seven (7) or 28% of the twenty-five (25) employee files examined, no employment contract was on file.
- b. Three (3) of the eighteen (18) with employment contract on file were not signed by the employees while two (2) have incomplete contracts.
- c. For two (2) of the twenty-five (25) employee files examined, the rate paid does not agree to the latest documentation on file. For both instances the most recent contract was not on file

Corrective Action: PSS through the Human Resources Officer (HRO) developed a monitoring log to ensure that all employment contracts for renewal and for new employees are properly routed for signature and filed on the corresponding employee folders.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Summary Schedule of Unresolved Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION IV - SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS, Continued

2005 Audit Findings, Continued

Finding No. 05-10

Condition: The current practice of PSS for the employees' time-in and time-out is the use of a bundy clock.

- a. Eleven (11) or 44% of twenty-five (25) personnel examined have manual inputs on their timecards, of these only two have manual inputs that are signed by timekeepers.
- b. Five (5) or 20% of twenty-five (25) personnel examined uses manual timesheets instead of bundy clock.
- c. Timecards for two (2) or 8% of twenty-five (25) personnel chosen were not provided and timecards covering the wrong period were provided for two (2) or 8% of the twenty-five (25).

Corrective Action: In July 17, 2006, the Commissioner of Education issued a memorandum to all timekeepers to adhere to PSS timekeeping policies and procedures. Furthermore, PSS timekeepers attend the annual refresher training conducted by the CNMI Office of Personnel Management in October 2006.

Status: Resolved. Similar condition was not prevalently noted in FY 2006 audit.

Finding No. 05-11

Condition: I noted during our audit that 4 out of 25 or 16% timecards examined have tardiness in excess of 10 minutes per week but was not charged to AWOL.

Corrective Action: In November 21, 2006, the Commissioner of Education issued memorandum to all leadership regarding accountability of hours worked, requesting PSS leadership team members to submit the work hour schedule of all employees.

Status: Resolved. Similar condition was not prevalently noted in FY 2006 audit.

Finding No. 05-12

Condition: Food court collections were not remitted to PSS treasurer in a timely manner.

Corrective Action: Effective April 1, 2006, the PSS Treasurer implemented monitoring controls, the cafeteria collections log per school, to monitor the remittances from school cafeteria and ensure that cafeteria collections are remitted to PSS treasurer on a timely manner.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Summary Schedule of Unresolved Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION IV - SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS, Continued

2005 Audit Findings, Continued

Finding No. 05-13

Condition:

- a. Two (2) of seven (7) or 29% Head Start centers in Saipan not inspected for fire safety.
- b. Two (2) of seven (7) or 29% Head Start centers in Saipan not inspected for facilities inspection.

Corrective Action: All Head Start centers were inspected for fire and safety before they were opened in for SY 2006.

Status: Resolved.

Finding No. 05-14

Condition:

- a. One (1) of the five (5) facilities inspected by Department of Public Safety was disapproved.
- b. One (1) of the four (4) approved facilities was only conditionally approved.

Corrective Action: All Head Start centers were inspected for fire and safety before they were opened in for SY 2006.

Status: Resolved.

Finding No. 05-15

Condition: In FY 2005, PSS failed to reconcile the property records with the fixed assets ledger maintained in the Central Office. Furthermore, PSS failed to maintain a documentation that would prove that adequate safeguards and maintenance procedures on PSS' federally funded assets were carried out in compliance with the federal property management standards. This is related to findings Nos. 05-7 and 05-8.

Corrective Action: The Controller from fiscal and budget section and property custodian from the procurement and supply section reconciled the capital assets listing against the general ledgers. Furthermore, PSS conducted physical count of all capital assets including controlled assets last September 30, 2006.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Summary Schedule of Unresolved Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2006

SECTION IV - SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

2004 Audit Findings

Finding No. 04-6

Condition: PSS does not adequately monitor adherence to its travel policies based on the following:

- a. 5 out of 16, or 31.25% travel requests examined were not submitted within the stated period prior to the commencement of the travel.
- b. 1 out of 16 travelers traveled without an approved travel authorization. We noted that an approval was subsequently made for the reimbursement of the trip. This incident indicated a violation of the local and federal regulations as the cost was allocated under the federal account.
- c. In relation to the finding cited on Item b above, since the travel did not have a prior authorization, the documents examined did not have a justification memorandum for the travel, document of invitation or agenda, specific purpose, itinerary and estimated cost.
- d. 11 out of 16, or 68.75% travel vouchers were not submitted within the ten working days period upon completion of travel.
- e. 1 out of 16 travelers was paid with a per diem of two days in the amount of \$354. The two days were initially applied as annual leave based on the original justification memorandum submitted; however, an amended letter was subsequently prepared, with an approval of the two days leave as part of the trip.

Corrective Action: PSS has made tremendous efforts to inform employees of the travel policies. PSS will strictly enforce its established policies and procedures. PSS approved several administrative changes in the travel policy to ensure compliance with the applicable state laws and federal regulations.

Status: Similar conditions were noted in FY 2006 and 2005 audit.

PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM

Summary Schedule of Unresolved Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2006

V. SUMMARY OF UNRESOLVED QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no unresolved questioned costs as for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005.



COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIAWA ISLANDS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM P.O. BOX 501370 SAIPAN, MP 96950



Commissioner of Education David M. Borja, D.B.A.

Roman C. Benavente Chairman

Dino M. Jones Vice Chairman

Marja Lee C. Taitano ecretary!Treasurer

<u>Members</u> Herman T. Guerrero Lucia Blanco-Maratita

Cott Norman Non Public School Rep.

Louvele G. Borja tudent Representative

Ambrose Bennett Teacher Representative June 28, 2007

J SCOTT MAGLIARI & COMPANY PMB 297 BOX 10000 Saipan, MP 96950

Dear Mr. Magliari:

We are transmitting herewith our responses to the audit findings and recommendations per your audit report for FY 2006.

We hope that the attached responses are sufficient to address the audit findings and recommendations.

Sincerely,

Florida A. Grizzard

Acting Director of Finance

cc:

 \mathbf{BOE}

COE

ADCA

file

- 83 -

Commissioner of Education
Telephone : (670) 237-3001
website: http://www.pss.cnmi.mp Fax : (670) 664-3798

Finding No. 06-1

The Acting Director of Finance is communicating with PSS financial institutions to provide collateral for PSS' bank balances. If the financial institution will not provide collateral to cover PSS bank balances, PSS leadership and management will discuss to the board the options to transfer its bank accounts to financial institutions that are willing to collateralize its deposits in excess of FDIC insured limits.

Finding No. 06-2

The Commissioner will issue a memorandum to reiterate that all travelers must comply with PSS's travel policies. In the event that the 5-10 working days lead-time for submission of travel advances cannot be complied with because of a reasonable justification, such justification should be documented and attached to the travel request to be approved by the Commissioner or the Chairperson of the Board of Education.

Finding No. 06-3

The Commissioner will issue a memorandum to reiterate that all travelers must comply with PSS's travel policies. In no instance will a traveler with outstanding travel advance be allowed to receive new travel advances.

Furthermore, the Travel Accountant, under the fiscal and budget department, effective fiscal year 2007 is regularly preparing statement of accounts sent to travelers with outstanding travel advances and are requiring signed allotment authorization from traveler with outstanding balances.

Finding No. 06-4

The Commissioner will issue a memorandum to reiterate that all travelers must comply with PSS's travel policies.

Finding No. 06-5

Effective for fiscal year 2008, food and nutrition program will require documentations supporting applicant claims that the other spouse is unemployed.

Finding No. 06-6

The food and nutrition eligibility officer coordinated with the Foodstamp Program Administration of the CNMI requesting for regular updated listing of individuals availing of the food stamp benefits. The Foodstamp Program Administration to provide PSS with the updated listing beginning Fy2008.

Finding No. 06-7

Pursuant to Childcare administrative guidelines, PSS with recoup the payments made in excess of the computed PSS share.

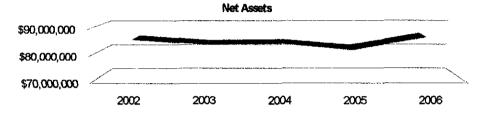
Furthermore, the listing of PSS and co-payment will be reviewed every six months to ensure that any changes in co-payment or eligibility as a result of the eligibility review every six month are properly reflected in the listing.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Statistical Section Last Five Fiscal Years¹

I. NET ASSETS

	_	2006	_	2005	 2004	_	2003	 2002
Invested in capital assets	\$	82,813,078	\$	79,066,700	\$ 80,139,357	\$	79,687,750	\$ 74,998,775
Invested in improvement projects in progress		3,540,460		3,156,692	1,907,967		1,888,369	8,511,378
Unrestricted		(453,821)		(1,167,231)	1,455,306		1,596,239	1,606,555
	\$	85,899,717	\$	81,056,161	\$ 83,502,630	\$	83,172,358	\$ 85,116,708



II. CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Program revenues					· · · · · ·	
Grants and contributions	\$	28,340,642	\$ 34,635,642	\$ 23,539,319	\$ 23,492,622	\$ 16,848,756
Charges for service		563,917	140,100	142,745	116,152	60,685
Total program revenues		28,904,559	34,775,742	23,682,064	 23,608,774	16,909,441
Expenses		(65,523,166)	(73,338,189)	 (61,261,826)	 (63,372,920)	 (54,920,411)
General revenues	-					
Unrestricted CNMI appropriations		37,209,928	37,404,908	37,209,928	37,794,725	36,830,342
Capital improvement, CNMI		3,623,424	1,234,174	-	-	-
Miscellaneous, unrestricted		100,091	_	140,316	25,071	943,255
Total general revenues		40,933,443	38,639,082	37,350,244	37,819,796	37,773,597
Changes in net assets		4,314,836	76,635	(229,518)	(1,944,350)	(237,373)
Ourrent year restatement		528,720	(2,523,104)	559,790	-	
Net assets - beginning		81,056,161	83,502,630	83,172,358	85,116,708	85,354,081
Net assets - ending	\$	85,899,717	\$ 81,056,161	\$ 83,502,630	\$ 83,172,358	\$ 85,116,708

Changes in Net Assets



¹ Beginning in fiscal year ending September 30, 2002, PSS implemented the reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 35. Since the prior years financial information has not been restated only the past five fiscal years information are presented.

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Statistical Section Last Five Fiscal Years¹

III. REVENUES BY SOURCE

in thousands	2006	5	2005	5	2004	1	2003	3	200	2
Unrestricted CNMI appropriations	\$ 37,210	53.3%	\$ 37,405	51.0% \$	37,210	61.0% \$	37,795	61.5% \$	36,830	67.4%
Grants and contributions	28,341	40.6%	34,636	47.2%	23,539	38.6%	23,493	38.2%	16,849	30.8%
Capital improvement, CNMI	3,623	5.2%	1,234	1.7%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Charges for service	564	0.8%	140	0.2%	143	0.2%	116	0.2%	61	0.1%
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	100	0.1%	-	0.0%	140	0.2%	25	0.1%	943	1.7%
	\$ 69,838	100.0%	\$ 73,415	100.1% \$	61,032	100.0% \$	61,429	100.0% \$	54,683	100.0%

IV. EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

in thousands	2006		6	200	5	2004	ı	2003	3	2002	
Instruction:											
Regular	\$	28,147	43.1% \$	28,694	39.2% \$	27,948	45.7% \$	28,492	45.0% \$	27,089	49.4%
Special education		9,100	13.9%	10,203	13.9%	9,498	15.5%	8,623	13.6%	7,088	12.9%
Co-curricular		1,319	2.0%	1,482	2.0%	1,071	1.7%	98	0.2%	725	1.3%
Student services		16,183	24.8%	20,513	28.0%	10,414	17.1%	13,509	21.2%	8,529	15.5%
Support services:											
General administration		2,278	3.5%	3,035	4.1%	2,786	4.5%	1,656	2.6%	2,105	3.8%
School administration		3,948	6.0%	4,789	6.5%	4,676	7.6%	4,606	7.3%	3,980	7.2%
Other support		95	0.1%	179	0.2%	184	0.3%	1,043	1.6%	1,520	2.8%
Community		2,151	3.3%	2,633	3.6%	2,477	4.0%	2,630	4.2%	1,843	3.4%
Individual programs		1,380	2.1%	780	1.1%	869	1.4%	686	1.1%	900	1.6%
Depreciation - unallocated		922	1.4%	1,030	1.4%	1,339	2.2%	2,030	3.2%	1,142	2.1%
	\$	65,523	100.2% \$	73,338	100.0% \$	61,262	100.0% \$	63,373	100.0% \$	54,921	100.0%

(A Component Unit of the CNMI Government)

Statistical Section
Last Seven Fiscal Years

V. HISTORICAL ENROLLMENTS

	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Headstart:							
Saipan	545	537	538	563	587	519	507
Rota	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
Tinian	59	59	59	40	50	41	59
Total headstart	664	656	657	663	697	620	626
Elementary							
GTC	220	213	224	227	236	235	213
Tanapag	236	289	261	26 5	283	270	302
Garapan	881	835	861	848	898	969	865
San Vicente	807	765	757	765	715	653	649
Dandan	485	483	468	445	425	424	388
Oleia	476	478	481	457	443	422	419
WSR	684	655	625	596	667	608	642
San Antonio	333	329	372	363	345	366	359
Kagman	724	765	743	722	715	757	674
Koblerville	449	470	452	458	479	448	470
Tinian	320	302	310	353	380	393	388
Sinapalo/Rota	261	<u> 276</u>	275	268	263	283	341
Total elementary	5,876	5,860	5,829	5,767	5,849	5,828	5,710
Secondary							
Hopwood	1,184	1,108	995	928	962	1,332	1,253
MHS	1,225	1,279	1,216	1,154	1,020	2,103	1,852
ChaCha	513	529	670	582	599	-	-
KHS	802	835	809	706	697	-	-
Tinian Jr. High	-	-	-	-	-	-	123
Tinian High	337	352	348	323	309	297	149
Rota Jr. High	153	145	140	142	155	158	97
Rota High	189	202	194	201	180	184	194
Saipan Southern	750	752	745	<u>7</u> 78	783	<u></u>	-
Total secondary	5,153	5,202	5,117	4,814	4,705	4,074	3,668
Grand Total	11,693	11,718	11,603	11,244	11,251	10,522	10,004